BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

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BANGOR
Daily Whig and Courier.
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BY
BOUTELLE & BURR.
F. A. BOUTELLE. BENJ. A. BURR.
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FILES! - - FILES!

Now is the Time to Sharpen Up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1,000 Dozen Files

And am adding of 150 dozen per week, which I am selling at

The Lowest Prices.

And I warrant them equal to any imported. Call and see them.

Old Files Re-cut as usual.

JOB. COLLETT - - - Exchange St.

DR. E. T. NEALEY
Office and Residence,
NO. 96 HARLOW STREET.
Office Hours—9 to 11 A. M.; 3 to 5 P. M.; 8 to 9 P. M.

CHAS. S. PEARL,
Real Estate Broker, Insurance Agent
AUCTIONEER.
Office—No. 8 Kenduskeag Bridge.

J. STEVENS, M. D.,
TREATS ALL DISEASES.
Office—Corner Harlow Street and Kenduskeag Bridge; up one flight.
Office Hours—10 to 11 A. M.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.
Residence, 109 State Street.

SHEEP AND LAMB SKINS
WANTED AT 130 BROAD STREET.
Will pay 65 cents each for July Take-Off.
J. P. ROBINSON.

MASON'S
Preserving Jars,
AT
J. C. NORTON & CO.'S.

F. P. Wood & Huckins,
AUCTIONEERS
AND
Real Estate Brokers,
Take the care and rental of houses and stores.
Office at Carriage Depository,
HARLOW ST., BANGOR.

HAMMOCKS,
Croquet Sets and Base Balls
AT
J. D. GLYNN'S, - No. 8 State St

Extra Tamarinds
In packages of 3 to 100 pounds each, at
PICKERING SQUARE.

DR. A. C. GIBSON
Physician and Surgeon,
43 STATE STREET.
Office hours, 9 to 11 A. M.; 3 to 5 and 7 to 9 P. M.

THE BANGOR
Steam Laundry,
has recently added two machines for
CLEANSING
Feather Beds and Lace Curtains,
which can be done by us in the best manner. Also laundry work of all kinds.

Hot and Cold Water Baths.

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.
At Bangor, in the County of Penobscot and State of Maine, the fifteenth day of July, A. D. 1886.
The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Fred O. Files, of Bangor, in said County of Penobscot, Insolvent Debtor, who has been declared an Insolvent upon his own petition by the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot.
HUGH R. CHAPLIN, Assignee.

BIRTH DAY CARDS. Fine Stationery. Just received, also new Flower Studies in great variety. Bakin's Art Store—72 Main St.

THE BALM SHEAR
Has reached a perfection of style and internal arrangement which places it at the head of all competitors.
THE "RAPID,"
A DOUBLE-ACTION ICE-CREAM FREEZER,
Is the result of a careful study of the requirements of an efficient, durable and economical Freezer. The principles of its construction present the following meritorious points: Double action of the can and beater; these revolving at high speed in opposite directions, gives the desired result with much saving of time and labor. The acceptable form of the beater, producing a very smooth quality of Ice-Cream and, by aeration, increasing its bulk two-fold. An improved "scraper" which, adjusting itself automatically, to the side of the can, thoroughly removes the frozen cream adhering thereto, the same being replaced by the less frozen portion transferred from the centre by the action of the beater. The enlarged capacity of the can is guaranteed to hold fully five per cent. more than the quantity designated.
Prices Low to Suit the Times.
WOOD, BISHOP & CO.,
41 and 42 West Market Square.
jy2 d&w

THE BEST
(Trade Mark Registered.)
Cures and prevents Insect Bites, Sunburn, Chapped Hands and Face. It is the best Liniment in use for Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Sprains, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, etc.
It prevents blood poisoning in cuts and other wounds and promotes a healthy healing in all cases.
For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in Sporting Goods, at 50 cents per bottle.
THOS. JENNESS & SON,
Proprietors,
Bangor, Me., U. S. A.
may13

PHYSICIANS AND PATENTS
Are invited to inspect our
PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT,
As we make a specialty of this branch of the drug business, using only the
PUREST DRUGS and CHEMICALS
and guarantee the accuracy of all preparations.
Have secured the services of Mr. R. A. LIBBEY, who for the past fourteen years has been connected with the City Drug Store and who is too well known as a prescription clerk to need extensive advertising.
F. A. SNOW, Druggist and Apothecary,
Corner State and Harlow Sts.
may15

A CLEAN SWEEP!
Bound to Close Out all
SUMMER SUITS.
Childs', Boys' Over-Sizers,
In order to make room for Fall Stock. Never before did we offer good style, well-made Suits as low.
Men's Suits for $5.00.
CHILDREN'S AND BOYS' SUITS,
EXTRAORDINARY LOW!
A PRINTING OUTFIT with every Boy's Suit of $5.00 and Upwards, at
GERRISH'S CLOTHING HOUSE,
73, 75 AND 77 EXCHANGE ST., BANGOR.
Sign of the Dressed Man. july16

The Use of Cement Pipe for Sewers.
The following veto was filed with City Clerk Geary yesterday afternoon:
To the Honorable the Common Council of the City of Utica:
The following action of your honorable body Friday evening, April 2, 1886, is hereby returned without my approval. (Here is given at length the resolution adopted by the Council providing for a cement sewer in Albany street.)
The sewerage of our city is a very important matter, both from a sanitary and financial standpoint.
Our City Surveyor, who is thoroughly competent to judge, has recommended vitrified sewer pipe as the cheapest, safest and best. Since this question was brought before the Council I have received over thirty letters from surveyors and engineers of different cities unanimously testifying to the superiority of this pipe, and stating that it is now universally used throughout the country.
Then why does the Council insist on putting down cement? Is there some force in that I admit—but are they the only parties interested in this matter? When the sewers prove defective (as they are doing continually) the city, and not the people must foot the bills.
And now we to pay any attention to the wail that was dinned into our ears last fall about the sewer gas in the cellars and houses of our citizens? Think we should. If these evils are to be remedied the city should have a voice in the choice of pipe, and I claim should accept the advice of its Surveyor as having had the most experience in such matters.
The only real argument that has been or can be made in favor of the cement pipe is one now using is that it is manufactured here, and a prominent politician is interested in its sale.
It seems to me this is not feeble enough to justify jeopardizing the lives of our citizens through defective sewerage, and the depletion of their pockets in trying to maintain a system which is inferior pipe.
This is too expensive and dangerous a monopoly for the Council to encourage or tolerate.
THOMAS E. KENNEY, Mayor.
may 19

GETCHELL & CO., AGENTS
AKRON VITRIFIED DRAIN PIPE.
may10

Cement Sewer Pipe.
OSHKOSH, Oct. 29, 1884.—For the information of those who are interested concerning Cement Sewer-pipe, I wish to state that such sewer pipe is being very extensively manufactured and used in the State of Wisconsin, and is preferred to vitrified. First, for its great strength and durability. It being formed between iron moulds, it becomes impervious to water or roots, and, if one of those pipes, such as finds in Wisconsin, is cemented tight at one end and filled with water, the water will stay there until it evaporates, which shows that it does not filter through. The older this pipe gets, the harder and more rock-like it becomes. Second, this pipe is preferred to all others on account of its shape. The larger size of it are egg-shape, conforming the flow in a narrow channel at the bottom, increasing its velocity, keeping it clean and at the same time having a large area above for a larger volume of water when needed. It also has a flat base, which makes it by first in the ditch, keeping it to shape, while a round pipe is more liable to roll and get out of shape, either in the filling or settling of the ditch. Cement pipe has been used for sewers in England and various parts of the old world for over one hundred years, and Portland Cement pipe has proved indestructible, either by the action of sewage or time, and is still very extensively used in London and various other European cities. Brooklyn, N. Y., has laid over fifty miles of cement pipe sewers, laid from twenty to forty years ago, and, still giving perfect satisfaction. Question: Why is cement used in brick sewers, and plastered, till over the interior surface? Simply because sewers will not go through it to be filtered through the porous brick!
Yours respectfully, C. E. HEWITT.
From "The Sanitary News" of Nov. 15th, 1884.
JOHN LITTLEFIELD & CO., Room 1, Exchange Block,
MANUFACTURERS OF CARBONIZED STONE CEMENT DRAIN PIPE
AGENTS.
LEIGHTON, DAVENPORT & CO., Exchange Street.
PRITCHARD & FAIRBANKS, Exchange Street.
J. W. CHAMBERLAIN & CO., Columbia Street.
may11

GRAND CENTRAL
HOTEL, BANGOR, MAINE,
Central Bridge, Bangor, Maine.
Hacks, Barouches, Landaus, Barges, Village Cars, Buckboards.
I have just added to my large and extensive stock an
Elegant Berlin Coupe, for Calling and Wedding Parties. I have also added an Elegant New Buckboard, with two or four horses. I have also enlarged my carriage room and am better prepared for business than ever. Prompt and special attention to Funerals, Wedding Parties, Boats, Cars, Operas, Theatres, etc.
The very best accommodations for Boarding horses, and for all the requirements of customers. Office connected by Telephone.
LEMUEL NICHOLS, Proprietor.
C. W. NICHOLS, CLERK.
je28

NEW YORK, May 19th, 1886.
This is to certify that we have this day and until further notice, constituted Mr. L. J. Wheelden, of the city of Bangor, State of Maine, sole dealer for the sale of the Steinway & Son's Pianofortes for all territory in Maine East of Bath.
STEINWAY & SONS.
READER.
Twenty years' experience with all the Piano, Organs and Sewing Machines in the market, combined with unequalled facilities buying for three stores, secures advantages beyond the reach of any other dealer in the State of Maine, and people are not wise who pay big prices when we GUARANTEE the SAME GOODS for less money. NO MATTER what style or make you want, we furnish them all. Get everybody's lowest prices and then call or write to
L. J. WHEELDEN.
BANGOR, WATERVILLE or ROCKLAND, ME.
may28 d&w Cem copy

Constipation
Is a universal and most troublesome disorder. It causes Headache, Mental Depression, impairs the Sight and Hearing, destroys the Appetite, and, when long continued, causes Enlargement of the Liver, Inflammation of the Bowels, and Piles. Constipation is speedily cured by Ayer's Pills.
For a number of months I was troubled with Costiveness, in consequence of which I suffered from Loss of Appetite, Dyspepsia, and a disordered liver. My eyes also troubled me. I was compelled to wear a shade over them, and, at times, was unable to bear exposure to the light. I was entirely
CURED BY USING
three boxes of Ayer's Pills. I have no hesitation in pronouncing this medicine to be the best cathartic ever made.—James Eccles, Poland, Ohio.
I suffered from Constipation, and, consequently, from Headache, Indigestion, and Piles, for years. Ayer's Pills, which I took at the suggestion of a friend, have given me effectual relief. I commenced taking this remedy two months ago, and am now free from Constipation, the removal of which has caused my other troubles to disappear, and greatly improved my general health.—W. Keeler, Amherst, Mass.
I suffered from Constipation, which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills cured me, completely.—D. Burke, Saco, Me. tf
Ayer's Pills,
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

SPRATT'S PATENT
FIBRINE VEGETABLE DOG CAKES,
Have taken Seventy-two Prize Medals and can be obtained from
THOS. JENNESS & SON,
Wholesale Agents,
12 West Market Square, - Bangor, Me.
june12

SOLID SILVER
AND
SOLID SILVER PLATED WARE
For Sale Low.
AT
TEA WHITE'S.
july30

ART PARLORS:
77 STATE STREET.
MRS. R. A. WEBSTER,
has a full line of Art Materials, including Arrasene, Chenille, Flosses, Wash Sticking Silk, Felts, Pinshes, Linens, Bolting Cloth, Chinese Silks, etc. Also a large assortment of Stamping Patterns. Stamping and orders promptly attended to. Instructions given. Many useful and ornamental articles for sale.
june8

FRANK LESLIE CROWELL,
OF BOSTON,
Will receive VOCAL AND PIANOFORTE pupils during August. Address 42 MAIN STREET.
July 28—1w Com copy

FOR RENT
I would announce to the public that having leased the catering of these grounds for the season and having had my cooking arrangements engaged so that I can do double the work of former years, I feel safe in saying that I can feed all who may wish on excursion days at reasonable rates. Small excursion parties can be accommodated on any day and by giving one day's notice, can have the best the market affords. Tables will be supplied daily with fresh vegetables from my eight acre garden at Waterville, and picked with the dew on them the same day they are used.
I also will be found at Hotel Swan, State Fair Grounds, Lewiston, the week before and during the Fair, all in trim to feed and induce all who may favor me with their patronage.
D. H. SWAN,
WATERVILLE, - MAINE.
july1

FALL TERM OF THE
Boston Conservatory of Music
AND
Julius Eichberg's Violin School,
BEGINS SEPTEMBER 13th.
Thorough instruction in Organ, Singing, Piano, Harmony, Counterpoint and all other branches of music.
PRIVATE LESSONS OR SMALL CLASSES.
Send for circular or apply to
JULIUS EICHBERG,
154 Tremont street, Boston.
j 29 eod4w

Cream! Cream! Cream!
Fresh Every Morning!
Neatly put up in one-half pint, pint and quart glass jars. Larger quantities if desired, at
J. K. SHERMAN'S.
28 and 30 Central Street.
april8

And Now Grover C.
Will probably wear his hair clipped for a while until he gets accustomed with Frances and finds out whether she is the kind of woman that emulates her remarks at times by grasping a man by his top hair. Bunycomes that are doubtful about their better halves' dispositions, can get their hair cut so as to defy the closest of grips, as
BORT. A. JORDAN,
july23 Next to Veazie Bank.

True Dalmatian
INSECT POWDER,
Finest and Best.
FLY PAPER,
Sticky and Otherwise.
Insect Powder Bellows.
Glycerine Lotion, Florida Water, Kalliston Cream of Almonds, Toilet Vinegar, Parisian Creams, Sponge Bags,
BATH BRUSHES,
Full Lines of Desirable Toilet Requisites.
AT
Harlow's Drug Store.
may14

Timber Lands at Auction.
Will be sold at public auction, at the City Hall, in the city of Bangor, on Thursday, the 19th day of August, 1886, at 11 o'clock A. M., the following described lands in the county of Aroostook, being one-sixth (1-6) part undivided of townships No. 10 Range 10; No. 10, Range 18; No. 18, Range 11 and No. 19, Range 12, exclusive of the public lots.
Bangor, July 21, 1886. GEO. STETSON.

The Bangor Daily Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1845

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	75
For half-square, one time	75
For half-square, three times	1 00
For half-square, one week	1 25
Each week's continuance	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
Each week's continuance	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.
$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.
DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."
☞ Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one-half price; *one time a week*, one-third price.
☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.
☞ All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.
Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin.

The Lewiston *Journal* learns that one of Mrs. E. F. Goss' ribs were broken in the accident that happened while Mr. and Mrs. Goss were driving, last Saturday.

The loss on the stock of the A. B. Craft's Shoe Company has been adjusted, the insurance companies paying $14,700. There now remains only the machinery loss to be arranged.

A Lewiston fisherman summarizes a fishing trip as follows: Team, $2; bait, $1.50; two days' pay (having been sick the day following) $3.82; total expenses, $7.32. The result was one bull-frog, weight one pound.

Cumberland.

A frog was caught in Cumberland, says the *Press*, which measured fifteen inches from toe to toe. On opening the frog he was found to contain two birds with the feathers on, a mouse and a beetle bug.

Last week as the main topgallant mast of the Tennessee, in Portland harbor, was being sent down from aloft the ropes parted and the heavy spar, with yards and tackling attached, was precipitated to the deck. Part of the bulwarks were smashed and the rigging slightly injured. A sailor standing near by had a narrow escape from instant death.

It was announced in the papers last spring that the 7th Maine Regiment Association were to erect a building on the southwesterly end of Long Island, to be used for reunion purposes. Work on the building commenced early in the season, and it will be completed before the reunion, which occurs August 21st. The association will be in camp for a week. The building is 18x26, with a seven-foot verranda on all sides, making a most delightful place for the old soldiers to rusticate. The members and friends of the association are requested to send their contributions to Woodbury D. Hatch, No. 32 Hampshire street.

Mr. Alfred Higgins, engineer on the fire steamer Cumberland, and connected with the Portland Fire Department for the last twenty-three years, has invented an ingenious torch for starting the fire in his engine. He has taken advantage of the well-known chemical properties of sugar, chlorate of potash and sulphuric acid, and by a simple turn of the wrist, without a match, fire, or fuse of any kind, is able in an instant to start a strong blaze. The torch consists of a hollow brass tube lined on the inside with lead. Into this hollow tube a small quantity of sulphuric acid is poured. This tube has a perforated top, and surmounting this top is a cone, also perforated. In this cone is also placed a small quantity of sugar and chlorate of potash in equal parts wrapped in tissue paper. The torch, thus loaded, is ready for use, and needs to be kept in a perpendicular position. When Mr. Higgins wishes to fire up, all he has got to do is to invert the torch, at the same time thrusting it among the shavings in the fire box. The instant it is inverted the acid rushes from the tube into the cone and comes in contact with the sugar and chlorate of potash. A flame is at once generated so strong as to thoroughly ignite the shavings and a powerful blaze is produced in an instant.

Hancock.

Thursday night fire broke out in the house of Mr. Ferry, at Trenton, flames being first discovered around the chimney. Efforts to save much were useless. The insurance amounts to $600.

The bridge between Bucksport and Verona is undergoing repairs, a new draw is being put in.

Kennebec.

Waterville's diphtheria scare has about subsided. There have been about twenty cases here in all.

A party of the inmates of the Insane Hospital, about eighty in number, made an excursion to Hallowell's, Friday. There will be another excursion from the Hospital this week.

Five tramps were lodged in Augusta jail, Saturday. Three of the number were put off of the accommodation train at London Hill, Friday afternoon, and with the two others were arrested at Gardiner and brought there.

Mr. D. H. Campbell has resigned his position as night watchman at the State House. Mr. Campbell has received a flattering offer from the firm of Coller & Newhall, of Providence, R. I., wholesale dealers in saddlery and hardware, and has accepted.

Rev. E. Leger has returned to Waterville to labor as a Protestant missionary among the French people on the Plains. There is a prospect that a new chapel will soon be built on the Plains. Besides the $1,000 pledged by French residents, others have promised aid. The whole matter is to be put into the hands of the Home Mission Society. The chapel building, as now proposed, will be 80 by 50 feet, with a tower in the front centre, 72 feet high.

Knox.

The gross earnings of the Knox & Lincoln Railroad for the month of June 1886 were $11,809.37, expenses $6,326.38, net earnings $5,634.54. In June 1885 the gross earnings were $12,428.18; expenses $10,334.45; net earnings $2,093.73.

Mr. Charles Cassens, while unloading coal from a vessel in Rockland, Wednesday afternoon, suffered a fall by which his right thigh was badly fractured, the knee-pan cracked, and both wrists dislocated. He was rendered unconscious, but soon came to his senses and suffered excruciating pain. His injuries are serious.

Penobscot.

The muster of the Pisgataquis Battalion will be held on the farm of Mr. W. W. Delano, near Abbot Village, August 17, 18 and 19.

Sagadahoc.

A boy named Brown, son of Thos. Brown, of Richmond, while struggling with another boy Friday, was thrown to the ground with such force as to break his arm and dislocate his elbow.

A lady visiting in Bath was considerably disturbed Friday when the report was flashed about the city that the Star of the East had gone down. She was asked if any of her friends were on board. Her answer was "Oh, no, but I have a return ticket to Boston on her."

Waldo.

A large ringed snake was killed near the upper bridge in Belfast on Saturday. It measured four feet in length, four and a half inches in circumstance, and weighed two and a half pounds.

Frank P. Eames, of East Belfast, died Sunday, July 31st, aged sixty-one years, from injuries received the day before while handling hay with a patent horse fork. The fork was loaded with hay, when in putting it up to the scaffolding one of the tugs of the harness parted. The whiffletree shot backward, one end striking Mr. Eames in the abdomen. The injury was not thought to be fatal at the time, but Mr. Eames died next day.

York.

Tobias Washburn, son of Timothy Washburn, late of Kennebunk, came home last Monday, the first time for more than twenty-five years. Mr. Washburn's whereabouts have been unknown during all that time and it was believed by his family and friends that he must be dead. He is travelling agent of a St. Louis firm.

State at Large.

An alumni association of the graduates of Wesleyan University living in Maine was formed, recently, with the following officers: President, Pres. A. F. Chase, Ph. D., Bucksport; Secretary, Rev. C. I. Mills, A. M., Rockport; board of executive committee; Rev. O. H. Fernald, A. M., South West Harbor, Mt. Desert; Rev. I. H. W. Wharff, A. M., Wiscasset; Rev. J. F. Haley, A. M., Calais; Prof. W. L. McDonald, A. M., Bucksport; Pres. E. M. Smith, A. M., Kent's Hill; Prof. B. O. McIntire, A. M., Kent's Hill; Rev. W. F. Berry, A. M., Lewiston; Rev. W. F. Holmes, A. M., Hallowell; Hon. E. T. Burrows, Portland.

A Singular Freak.

REMARKABLE LAND-SLIDE IN WASHINGTON COUNTY.

A curious natural phenomenon that puzzles everybody of more or less pretensions to scientific attainments, has occurred in the town of Deblois in Washington county—just when, nobody knows. A large body of earth, chiefly sand, by some action of nature was removed from the side of a dry, sandy hill, called the Pineo Field, leaving an open channel or hole extending into the hill about 200 feet, being 30 feet deep at the head and perhaps 70 or 80 feet wide as near as it could be judged without measuring. After the sand in its course left the base of the hill (and here the channel was contracted and quite narrow) it extended a long distance into a piece of woods, spreading over a wide space, burying the underbrush and leaving the trees standing intact.

The correspondent of the *Industrial Journal* reports that this slide, if it could be so called, was evidently caused by a flow of water bursting from the bowels of the hill, though at the time there had been no freshet, and the hill and its surroundings were dry and barren. Now, in a time of drought, under the sand which has been so recently and mysteriously sluiced through this channel, there issue several small streams of water, some feet apart, apparently entirely different from each other in character, and different from the springs and streams on the adjoining lands. The water in two or three of them, which looks clear and pure, has an unpleasant taste, bemoaning like oil. In one little stream the color of the water is red and colors the sand red through which it runs, leaving a red sediment at the bottom. In others there seems to be a slimy substance at the bottom of a brownish-red color. The surface of the water as it runs in several of these little streams is covered with a little scum such as oil would make turned upon water. This seems to be very marked, and in places where there is but little current, this scum, presenting all the colors of the rainbow, entirely covers the surface and when touched will wrinkle up like the scum on boiled milk when disturbed.

Hundreds of people are visiting the scene.

In Time of Slavery.

THE ORIGIN OF AN INCIDENT FOUND IN MANY PLAYS.

Dr. James E. King was telling some of his early experiences in the South last evening to some newspaper men, says the Buffalo *Courier*. "Early in the '50s," he said, "I was in Memphis, Tenn., when a fight took place between a banker and a speculator who had been bidding against each other at the slave block for a beautiful slave girl—dazzling white and as lovely as a dream, yet a negress and the daughter of a planter who had died intestate and bankrupt. She was about sixteen years of age, and might have stood as a model for the Greek slave. Her mistress tried to save her, but her means gave out, and she was crying because, though the girl was her husband's illegitimate child, she was her companion and friend. While she was crying, the row arose between these two bidders. One had a bowie-knife and the other a small hatchet which he had picked up. The way they cut and slashed was something awful. The banker had the knife, and he cut the face of his antagonist from the forehead to the neck, ripping out his left eye, while at the same moment his opponent's hatchet descended upon his own brain, and he was laid out. This over, the crowd allowed the bodies to be where they fell, and turned back to the sale. A St. Louis man took up the bidding from where the widow left it, and raised her $500. He was understood to be the agent of a rich personage who had seen the girl and given orders to have her secured at any price. Her mistress appealed to her friends for money, when a Mississippi steamer captain, who had known her husband, came along and asked her what was the trouble. Hearing the cause of her distress, he bid $3,000 for the girl, and pulling a pistol half a yard long, dared the St. Louis man to bid again on peril of having his brains pan emptied. The officer at once wilted, and the mistress was made intensely happy by the recovery of the girl. The incident has gone into many a play," continued the doctor, "but it's as true as gospel."

Long Live This Kind of Emperor.

Among the pleasant incidents told of the late Joseph II., Emperor of Austria, is the following concerning a poor woman who lay very ill in a miserable attic in Vienna, with no other attendant than her boy Franz, twelve years old.

One day she said: "Franz, I can bear this pain no longer. See if you cannot induce some doctor to call here and prescribe for me." With a sad heart and with but slight hopes of success, Franz obeyed. He called on several physicians and begged them to visit his mother, but in vain. They all declined because he was unable to pay their fee, which in those days was a florin for each visit. In despair, and not knowing what to do next, he stood at a corner dreading to go home. Just then a private carriage came slowly by, in which sat a distinguished looking man.

"This was no other than the Emperor Joseph II., a most kind-hearted ruler, who was always accessible to the most humble of his subjects, and was dearly beloved by them. He frequently mingled with the people, delighting to walk and ride about among them. On such occasions he was always plainly dressed, so that no one suspected that he was the emperor.

Franz stepped to the carriage door, and taking off his cap, sat, humbly, "Kind sir, will you have the goodness to give me a florin?"

"Would not a smaller sum do, my little man?"

"No, sir," replied Franz; and emboldened by the gentleman's kind tone, he narrated to him for what purpose he required a florin.

The emperor listened attentively, and then handed him the money. He also inquired of him where his mother lived, and questioned him about her circumstances. Pleased with Franz's replies, he then dismissed him and bade his coachman drive to the given address. On his arrival he wrapped himself well up in his cloak, to avoid any possible recognition. Then he ascended the stairs and entered the sick woman's room. She, supposing him to be a physician whom her son had sent, told him of her illness and of her poverty and struggles.

"My good woman," said the emperor, when she had finished, "I understand your case perfectly. I will now write you a prescription, which I am sure will do you good."

He sat down at the table, and after writing a few moments, folded up the paper. "When your son comes home we can attend to this." He had hardly left the house when the door was again opened, and a doctor, followed by Franz, entered the room.

Frau Waldorf was surprised at the call, and explained to the new comer that a physician had just visited her and had left a prescription on yonder table. The doctor took up the paper to see who had been there and what had been prescribed. He had, however, hardly glanced at it when he uttered an exclamation of surprise, and said: "Madam, do you know into whose hands you have fallen? This paper is an order on the treasurer for fifty florins, and is signed, Joseph."

"The emperor!" shouted Franz, with delight, while his mother invoked blessings on him who had befriended her in her great need.

But the emperor did not stop here. He caused inquiries to be made about Frau Waldorf and her family, and was informed that her husband had been an officer in his father's army, and had served with distinction through the Seven Years' war. In one of the last engagements he had fallen on the field of battle while gallantly charging a battery. On learning this the emperor at once gave directions that her wants should be thereafter provided for, and that Franz's further education should be at his expense.—*Harper's Young People.*

Heavy Eaters.

CURIOUS CULINARY INSTANCES AMONG THE GERMANS.

The Germans, always celebrated for heavy eating, furnish us with some curious culinary items. In the middle ages, the goose was the grand dish among them, but they also ate crows, storks, cranes, herons, swans and bitterns—these last named dishes being arranged in a circle of honor around the goose. The geier or European vulture, the dog-fish the dolphin and even the whale were eaten; while a roast guinea pig was considered a very great delicacy. All their foods were highly spiced, and sauces were endless in their variety, three or four kinds being served up with each dish. In these sauces, pepper, mace, cinnamon, cloves, ginger, garlic, saffron and pimento contended for the mastery, and the more decided the flavor the better the cook.

Of course, the great art was to arrange these sauces in an ascending scale of piquancy. So great, indeed, was the passion for highly-flavored foods that turkeys had often an allowance of musk in their daily rations. The most fashionable wines were those of Chios, Cyprus and other Greek vintages; but, as highly-flavored foods require drink to correspond, the wine was generally spiced, and was served under the name of hippocras. It was not thought unpolite, even as late as the sixteenth century, for a guest to ask his host what wines he intended to provide, so that he might make his calculations as to what he would take before he confined himself to the particular tipple which should place him under the table; nor was it thought unpolite in the middle of a banquet to undo the girdle in order to make more room for such tempting dishes as pike-tails, barbels' heads, skin of roast goose and swan tongues. The feast usually commenced at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and the longer the hosts could keep the guests at the table the better was he thought of; but in the matter of drinking he was expected to encourage potation by providing bacchanalian songs, or at least by being himself the first to become hors du combat. It was with this latter object that a rich man would mix his wines, while a poorer one would contrive to have his homely tankard strongly dosed with wine, or even spirits when these had become general.

Private Dalzell's Best Story.

HE TELLS A GOOD ONE ABOUT A SOLDIER FRIEND OF HIS WHO RECENTLY GOT A PENSION.

[Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.]

Jim Wigginton is a brick. He was in the Fourth Kentucky Mounted Infantry, and all his brothers and friends were rebels, and swore if they ever caught him they would hang him. So he enlisted in the Union army, served gallantly on three years, and was honorably discharged after a term of thirteen months in Andersonville prison, more dead than alive. At Corinth and Stone River he was wounded, the first time losing a finger and the second time fairly scalped.

His name on the rolls was Dawson Bowles; and so he escaped the scrutiny of the rebels when he fell in their clutches.

If Jim Wigginton didn't deserve a pension, wounded severely, and near eaten up with scurvy, no man ever did. He has been a walking skeleton for years poor as Lazarus, but plucky and quite a wag, making merry over misfortune that would have crushed any other man. He resides with his family in Sharon, this county.

After Jim had furnished a cart load of proofs here, about two weeks ago he received a letter from the Pension Office requiring him to furnish the testimony of some respectable physician who treated him in Andersonville.

Jim showed the letter to his friends, and read it to the Grand Army Post. It made the boys laugh. A doctor in Andersonville!

But the old wag simply turned the letter over and scrawled on the back it is droll indorsement:—

"Never called in a physician while I lay in Andersonville; come to think of it, we hanged the only doctor I ever saw there, Dr. Wirz. I suspect some of the old Andersonville guards must be running the pension shebang. J. B. WIGGINTON."

This he sent to the President, and inside of a week Jim's pension was allowed. But the best part of the story is to come. They got the joke on poor Jim at last.

When the paper came from Commissioner Black, allowing pension on the peremptory order of President Cleveland, it stated that Jim's pension began with his imprisonment at $1 a month, continued at that rate seventeen years, and then ran at $3 a month till now!

An immense pension. The smallest ever allowed in Ohio. But Jim's fortitude, check, and wit rose to the demands of the occasion. He simply sat down and wrote: "Dear Mister Pension Man:—

"I suppose you count fair in allowing me a whole dollar a month for the thirteen months I was in Andersonville.

"Hain't that too much?

"Wouldn't Fitz John Porter better have that?

"But I suppose you charged up my boarding and lodgings in Andersonville, and that out left me a dollar a month. I accept the pension with the clear understanding that squares accounts, but I'm damned if ever I pay that old board bill again.

J. B. W."

And thus ended this remarkable case.

WHOLESALE PRODUCE MARKET.

[Corrected semi-weekly by the Grocers' Association.]

SATURDAY, July 31.

State Law Regarding Weights and Measures.

A bushel of Liverpool salt shall weigh 70 pounds and a bushel of Turks Island salt shall weigh 70 pounds.

The standard weight of a barrel of potatoes, in good order and fit for shipping, is 165 pounds.

The standard weight of a bushel of beans in good order and fit for shipping is 60 pounds. Of wheat, beets and peas, 60 pounds; of corn, 56 pounds; of onions, 52 pounds; of carrots, turnips, rye, and Indian meal, 50 pounds; of barley and buckwheat, 48 pounds; of oats, 30 pounds, or even measure as by agreement.

Country Produce.

APPLES—	
Sweet Boughs, per bbl,	$4.00.
BEANS—	
Improved Yellow Eye, per bush.	$1 35 to 1 40.
Pea, hand picked, per bush.	1 70 to 1 75.
BUTTER—	
Choice new roll per lb.,	16 to 18 cents.
Fair to good, do	13 to 15 do.
CHEESE—	
Best Factory, per lb.,	9 to 10 cents.
Best Dairy, do	9 to 10 do.
DRIED APPLE—	
Choice strung per lb.,	4@5 cents.
Choice sliced, do	5 to 6 do.
EGGS—	
Fresh laid, per dozen,	17 cents.
HAY—	
Best loose, per ton,	$ 12 00 to $13 00.
Best bales, do	1 00 to 14 00.
OATS—	
Prime country, new, per bush.,	44 to 00 cents.
Prime Western, do	do 45 to 47 do.
PEAS—	
Improved per bush.,	$2 50.
Best Canada, whole, per bush.,	$1.15 to $1 85.
POTATOES—	
Best Quality, per bushel, new,	$1.00 to $1.25.
PORK—	
Round Hog per lb.,	5½ to 6 cents.
POULTRY—	
Chicken, per lb.,	20 to 60 cents.
Fowls,	12 to 14 cents.
Turkeys, per lb.,	60@ 00 do.
ONIONS—Bermuda, per crate,	$2.00.

Retail Prices Current.

SALT—	
Bangor, ground in boxes, per box,	20 cents.
English butter salt, in 14 lb. bags, per bag,	25 cts.
English butter salt, in 56 lb. bags, per bag,	75 cts.
Liverpool, per bushel,	35 cents.
Turks Island, per bushel,	35 cents.
HERRING—	
English, scaled, in boxes, per box,	25 cents.
RAISINS—	
Loose Muscatels, per lb.,	18 to 22 cents.
London Layers, do	20 to 25 do.
Sultans, do	15 to 20 do.
Valencia do	12 to 13 do.
CURRANTS—English, per lb.,	10 to 15 cents.
CRANBERRIES—Per quart,	6 and 8 cents
POP CORN—	
Best old coll, per lb.,	5 cents.
Best old, shelled, per qt.,	15 cents.
KEROSENE OIL—	
120 test, per gallon,	15 cents.
150 do do	18 do.
VINEGAR—	
Pure cider, per gallon,	25 to 30 cents.
Pure W. W. do	25 cents.
FLOUR—	
Best Spring Haxalls,	$6 00 to $6 25.
Best St. Louis,	5 50 to 6 00.
Good Family,	5 00 to 5 50.
CORN—	
Full weight,	58 cents.
CORN MEAL—	
50 lbs. to bush.,	54 to 55 cents.
SHORTS—	
St. Louis bran in sacks,	$1 00 per hundred.
Milwaukee,	90c per hundred.
MIDDLINGS—	
Fine,	$1 30 per hundred.
Coarse,	1 10 @1 20 per hundred.
COTTON SEED MEAL—	
In sacks of 100 lbs., at	1 30

Breadstuffs, Grain, Etc.

OATMEAL—		
Best Scotch,	per lb.,	5 cents.
Best Irish,	do	5 do.
Best Canada,	do	5 do.

Week and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed to "Editor of Week and Courier."

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1886.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOSEPH R. BODWELL,

OF HALLOWELL.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS:
First District—THOMAS B. REED.
Second District—NELSON DINGLEY, JR.
Third District—SETH L. MILLIKEN.
Fourth District—CHARLES A. BOUTELLE.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican voters of the County of Penobscot are hereby notified to meet by delegates in Convention,

At the City Hall, Bangor,

ON THURSDAY, the 5th day of August next, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

To nominate candidates for three Senators, County Attorney, Sheriff, Clerk of the Courts, County Treasurer, Register of Probate, Register of Deeds, and two County Commissioners, and to transact any other business that may come before the Convention.

Basis—Each city, town and plantation, one delegate, and for every fifty votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1884, one additional delegate, and for a fraction of twenty-five votes cast, in addition to said fifty votes, another delegate. Each town and plantation that casts twenty-five votes as aforesaid, and less than fifty, two delegates.

Half fare tickets will be sold delegates on the lines of the Maine Central and Piscataquis Railroads.

G. W. WHITNEY,
JOHN MORRISON,
W. H. DUSTIN,
L. W. DRAKE,
FRANK C. BARKER,
J. F. DILLINGHAM,
F. M. SIMPSON,
} County Committee.

The President has approved the Oleomargarine bill.

The Boston *Globe* has joined the New England Associated Press. Heretofore it has been a member of the United Press.

Our esteemed contemporary, the Machias *Union*, wants a practical farmer for Governor. Mr. Bodwell fills that bill exactly.

Custodian Fryer seemed to have entertained the opinion that the late Hubert C. Thompson was the real Collector of the Port of New York, as he placed the flag at half-mast over the post-office.

"Do you know what is doing the President more harm than anything else he has done?" asked a travelling man. "His pension vetoes," was his own answer. "I hear people talking about it everywhere, particularly the old soldiers."

Attorney General Garland has started on his vacation. It is a disgrace to the Administration that he was not given a permanent leave of absence some time ago. For a "reformer," President Cleveland seems to entertain a strong liking for shady statesmen.

The Boston *Post* makes the gratifying announcement in one of its headlines that Secretary Bayard has been aroused and that Americans will be protected to the full extent of his power. It has required considerable time to arouse the Secretary of State, but if he is at last fully awake and prepared to act it will be a matter for thanksgiving.

The President's wholesale veto of pension legislation has awakened a serious apprehension on the part of the Democratic statesmen whose election does not depend on Southern votes. While the President is making himself solid with the South, Northern Democratic Congressmen hear ominous sounds among their constituents.

The Duluth (Minn.) *Daily News* states that the articles of incorporation of the *Journal of Commerce* Publishing Company have been filed. The incorporators are C. C. Howell, J. P. Barkhall, John Nelson and Jay T. Lewis. They will publish the *Journal of Commerce* monthly and the *Sunday Morning Sun*, besides doing a general job office business. Capt. Lewis will assume the business management of the corporation. Capt. Lewis was formerly a Brunswick boy and a schoolmate of the editor of the WHIG.

The Portland *Argus* declares that the recent visit of the workingmen to Hallowell for the purpose of meeting Mr. Bodwell, who, as one of them stated, is to be the next "Governor of Maine," was a trick. Why a trick? The *Argus* itself admits that "Mr. Redlon is certainly a workingman and very likely the others are." If the members of the delegation are just what is claimed for them, namely, representative workingmen, we fail to see the force of the *Argus* comments unless it is angry at this evidence that the workingmen take little stock in Mr. Clifford's taffy in his State Convention speech and propose to rally around the Republican standard bearer who not only understands what it is to labor with his own hands, but is the largest employer of labor in the State.

The Boston *Globe* supplements its arraignment of Secretary Bayard for his inefficiency in handling the fishery question by the following reference to the border troubles:

Governor Ireland of Texas begins to appreciate, perhaps, the feelings of the New England fishermen toward Secretary Bayard. But the Governor should be patient. About three months hence the Secretary will issue a letter, assuring the relatives of the man recently murdered by the Mexicans that the State Department is not unmindful of their wrongs and will speak to the Mexican government about them as soon as the Department has learned all the facts in the case, though the poor facilities for travelling in that vicinity had thus far made it impossible to ascertain the absolutely necessary information whether the American citizen was shot through the head or whether the bullet pierced his heart.

Sensible workingmen—and the adjective is with propriety applied to the great majority of laborers—know well that their interests are bound up with the success of the Democratic party, which has always been their friend, ally and advocate.—*Portland Argus.*

How does the *Argus* reconcile this statement with a former announcement in its columns, namely, that there are "sixty thousand Democrats in this State who disbelieve in the humbug protection." That the laboring classes "disbelieve in the humbug" free trade was shown in their vigorous protest against the Morrison bill which found an earnest champion in the *Argus* and received the support of a large majority of the Democrats in Congress, as well as the support of the Administration. If the Democratic party is the "ally and advocate" of the laborer what means this free trade policy against which the "sensible workingmen" are arrayed in a solid phalanx? We trust that our Portland contemporary will cease to dodge this explanation which we have repeatedly called for or admit, what is the truth, that its pretended friendship for the workingmen is the most arrant nonsense.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *World* writes: "The President is not only a candidate for a second term, but he is beginning to take steps to strengthen himself for 1888. He has given more attention to the South than to any other section of the country, believing that if he goes into the National Convention with the South solid back of him he, with that and the power of his administration, will be able to force his renomination. At least that is his idea. There is less dissatisfaction in the South with the President than there is in any other part of the country. He is doing more and more every day to please the Southern people. The Senators and members in the Southern States have a great deal more influence in controlling the patronage of their States than have the Democratic Senators and members from the States of the North. It is very rarely that you hear of any complaint among the Southern members."

"The President's Civil Service proclamation does not apply to employes of the House, I suppose," said a Western Democrat, in a tone of disgust.

"Probably not; but why do you ask?"

"Oh, nothing much, only a half-dozen employes are about drawing pay and helping to mend fences in the districts of men who secured their appointments for them. For example there is John Hannay, assistant file clerk, who receives a salary of $1,300 or $1,400 a year. He has been away two months trying to stop the holes in Mr. Heard's fences in the VIth Missouri District. Of course Mr. Hannay draws his pay regularly and promptly, but the money does not come from Mr. Heard's pocket. Then there is Ella Clark Corwin, who receives a salary of $1,400 or $1,500 a year. He has been absent more than two months in Illinois where I understand he is devoting his time and energies to the interests of Colonel Morrison and the Chicago *Times* of which he is a correspondent."

The New York *Star*, a red-hot Administration organ, has the following caustic reference to the Democratic organization in this State:

The Democrats of Maine are working to much disadvantage owing to the personnel of the State Committee. Its members were chosen while the Democratic party were out of power, and had been out for twenty-five years. No one of the more illustrious of the party cared to struggle hopelessly against Republican rule, and the allowed the conduct of affairs to fall into the hands of lesser lights, who proved irresponsible. Brown, the chairman, is in disgrace for accepting bribes from would-be Maine postmasters, and several of the members were in the Gorsuch council which compassed the "State steal" some years ago. They do not receive the support of the leading Democrats. These men will conduct the fall campaign, as the new committee chosen at the last State Convention does not take office until January.

This shot, while aimed at the State committee, is really a severe arraignment of the entire Democratic party in the State. Brown is no worse than his party. He engaged in a disgraceful traffic in the offices, but his conduct was endorsed at the last State Convention, presided over by one of the "illustrious" members, the Hon. Wm. H. Clifford, and it the "new committee" to which the *Star* refers, had control of this campaign, Brown would still be a prominent figure, as he was unanimously re-elected by the same men who endorsed the Administration. On Democratic brethren are all in the same boat and will go down together in September.

The Democrats Ridiculed

[Washington Cor. Boston Journal.]

In the House the Democrats were caused great embarrassment this afternoon by a facetious resolution presented by Baker of New York, which, under the guise of thanking the Democratic party for its record this session, was a severe arraignment of their shortcomings. They tried in a very awkward, embarrassed and blundering way to extricate themselves from their dilemma, but failed to do it, and Mr. Reed of Maine held them up to ridicule. He said:

"It seems to me there is good ground for the indignation expressed on the Democratic side, for while this matter assumed in its final results the form of a jest, it still contained so many serious parts that the anger of the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Randall) certainly could not have been feigned. It is true that this Democratic House, with forty Democratic majority, has determined and has acted upon that determination, to keep half a million of the citizens of the United States out of the Union. It has flouted the demand of the great Territory of Dakota to become one of the sisterhood of States. This House has deliberately suppressed legislation with regard to the Territory of Utah. The Senate passed strong legislation on that subject. The House Committee on Judiciary, in its desire to appear to do something, added amendments still more stringent, and this Democratic House, with forty majority, has suppressed that legislation, and Mormonism continues in possession of the Territory of Utah. Why, it is all of a piece. There is always the same kind of paint that goes over the whole of this surface.

"They have pretended such legislation. They have pretended on inter-State commerce to be more radical than the Senate, and yet so act as to do nothing. The gentleman from Texas (Mr. Reagan) said to me this morning that I would gain capital by alluding to that question. Capital! I did not come here to gain capital." At this point Mr. Reed was interrupted by a chorus of groans and derisive murmurs on the Democratic side. When it subsided he continued: "I came here for the purpose of doing what is decent and proper, and I see the scorn with which that is treated by the Democratic party. They can no more comprehend it than the gentleman from Texas, whose business, all his life, has been to defend a Constitution unassailed and a people unattacked. These things are going into history. These gentlemen can't conceal their doings. They will find that their little parro speeches about what the figures of appropriation bills foot up are not going to stand them instead.

"As a victorious party it is a party that discredited every department of the Government which had not already discredited itself, and here they flame out into a fine state of indignation about an affair like this, and unite on it. The Democratic party for the first time comes up solid. Now what a great party to govern a country."

Mr. Randall's motion to refer back the resolution was adopted. Nothing has happened since the session began that has made the Democrats feel more uncomfortable than this episode.

Pensions for Soldiers.

PATRIOTIC LETTERS OF MR. BODWELL AND REPRESENTATIVE MILLIKEN.

We publish below the interesting correspondence to which editorial reference has already been made:

MR. BODWELL'S LETTER.

Hon. S. L. Milliken, M. C., Washington, D. C.:

Dear Sir: O. W. Sims, of this place, has presented a petition for arrears of pension which he thinks are due him. He has set forth the facts in his letter to you.

I do not pretend to be personally cognizant of the facts set forth, but I have no doubt that he has submitted the proper proofs. But I wish to say this: While there may be some cases in which pensions have been given upon insufficient evidence and in return for inadequate service, yet I would myself much prefer that a few of that character should be paid rather than that one honest and suffering soldier should be deprived of a pension by the Government in whose service he risked his life and lost his health.

Yours truly,
J. R. BODWELL.

Hallowell, Maine, July 25d, 1886.

MR. MILLIKEN TO MR. BODWELL.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.
Washington, D. C., July 25, 1886.

Hon. J. R. Bodwell, Hallowell, Me:

Dear Sir—I have read the statements accompanying your letter relative to the claim of Mr. O. W. Sims, and if he shall be able to sustain them by sufficient evidence, I think he has a good case. I have taken steps to place his papers before the Committee on Pensions, and will forward information as soon as I shall receive it. I desire to say further that I cordially endorse your proposition that you would prefer to pay a few who are not entitled to pensions than allow one honest soldier to be deprived of a just pension from the Government which he had risked his life to defend.

The truth is that we are fast drifting away from the period of our late civil war. As one who goes out upon the ocean sees his home grow dim as it seems to recede from him, so the heroic sacrifices, the heroic deeds and tremendous events of our civil war, and their consequences seem to be fading from the hearts of too many of our people. In the quiet and peaceful days of 1886 it appears to be impossible for these people to remember the struggle of 1861-1865. A man who should then have had the temerity to express a doubt that the soldier who fought to save his country's life would be liberally rewarded and held in sincere respect, would have been looked upon as an enemy of his country.

But those who were then the enemies of our country, to-day are a majority in our National councils. Whatever be their professions it is too clear to admit of dispute that they are not friendly to the further pensioning of soldiers. If they occasionally drop a pitiable crumb to them, to bolster up their pretenses of friendship for the soldier, it is but a pitiable crumb, and is made an excuse for denying such just legislation as the Counsel of the Grand Army of the Republic has asked at the hands of Congress, and such as should be unhesitatingly accorded those who themselves, or whose fathers, husbands or sons accepted the gage of battle for their country's life.

We have the money to pay the honest obligations of the country to its brave defenders. To refuse to meet promptly and fully that obligation is to stain the Nation's honor, to mock the promises we have made and cause patriotism to be a by-word among the people.

Very respectfully,
S. L. MILLIKEN.

Special Notices.

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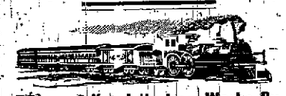
The Reliable Photographer.
Prices Moderate.
aug4 sn



Bangor & Katahdin Iron Works Ry.
Arrangement of Trains.
STANDARD TIME.
Route from Bangor via Maine Central R. R. to Old Town and F. & P. V. R. to Milo Junction.
Trains leave Bangor (Exchange Street) 7.45 A. M., 11.50 A. M. (mixed) and 7.20 P. M., arrive at K. I. Works 10.50 A. M. and 6.25 P. M.
Trains leave K. I. Works 8.35 A. M. (mixed) and 3.50 P. M., arrive in Bangor (Exchange Street) 10.45 A. M., 11.45 A. M. (mixed) and 6.42 P. M.
Attractions—Katahdin Mineral Spring, Mountain and Lake Scenery and fine trout fishing. Silver Lake Hotel, kept by H. E. Cutler, who will on application furnish accommodations for guests and arrange for parties desiring to fish or hunt.
F. W. CRAIG, General Manager.
aug3

SUMMER SUN
TO THE
BLUFFS,
On and after July 25th, and until further notice one of the steamers operated by the Maine Central Railroad will leave
BANGOR HARBOR FOR MT. DESERT FERRY
at 1.30 a. M. and 4.30 P. M.
Returning—Leave Mt. Desert Ferry at 2 and 7 P. M. Round trip tickets 50 cents.
This will enable persons to dine or sup at the Bluffs.
PAYSON TUCKER, General Manager
july 25—2w

COAL.
Wholesale and Retail.
E. K. Stetson,
116 EXCHANGE STREET.
may19 tf sn

Special Notice.
Dr. A. WALTON will be in his office every Monday, Wednesday and Friday until further notice.
july3 sn

Steamer Isma.
CAPT. HORACE ATWOOD,
Will leave Ferry Slip every day at 6.30, 8.00 and 11.00 A. M. and 2.30 and 6.30 P. M., touching at all intermediate landings on the river, when signalled as far as the Union Ice Houses and running to Hampden on 8.00 and 11.00 A. M. and 2.30 P. M. trips.
RETURNING
Will leave Hampden at 9.00 A. M. and 1.00 and 5.40 P. M. and Union Ice Houses at 7.15 and 9.15 A. M. and 1.15, 3.45 and 6.40 P. M.
A fine Picnic Grove has been fitted up expressly for the patrons of this steamer at Squaw Point, Hampden.
Steamer Isma can be chartered for evening or Sunday excursions by applying to
F. H. GILBERT, President or
CHARLES E. FIELD, Treasurer.
Office at Bacon, Robinson & Co's.
july3 sn&m Com. copy.

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Blake, Barrows & Brown,
AGENTS FOR ALL the Lines.
march7 sn

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Blake, Barrows & Brown,
9 CENTRAL STREET.
march7 sn

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Constantly on hand and for sale by
C. L. MARSTON, Agent.
july1

STOCKS.
Orders to buy, carry or sell Stocks and Bonds in Boston and New York markets promptly executed. Particulars on application.
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INVEST
Savings and Trust Funds in the Best Securities only—such as are for sale at lowest current rates by
BOWLER & MERRILL,
BANKERS.
No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor
aug 13—sn

Special Notice.
The DAILY WHIG & COURIER will be found on sale, as follows, by
Al W. BEE.....Bar Harbor.
O. F. KNOWLTON.....Brewer.
BRIDGHAM & SON.....Dexter.
C. B. KITTREDGE.....Dover.
JERRY MAHONEY.....Ellsworth.
HOLLAND & CO.....Houlton.
G. E. INGALLS.....Houlton.
H. M. BURNHAM.....Oldtown.
C. H. HAYES.....Waterville.
E. M. HALL.....Winterport.
PITTSFIELD NEWS CO.....Pittsfield.
SMITH & LUNT.....Houlton.
W. A. RICKER.....Castine.
C. G. GLIDDEN.....Northport Camp Ground.

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The WHIG Sent to Them
1 Week for 16 Cents.
2 Weeks for 32 Cents
3 Weeks for 48 Cents.
4 Weeks for 64 Cents.
Postage Paid.
June11

SPECIAL NOTICE,
HAVING PURCHASED THE
Oyster House
—AND—
RESTAURANT
—OF—
FRANK FROST
—AT—
No 35 Mercantile Square,
We shall on and after MONDAY, AUGUST 2d serve all meals on the European plan, and we would respectfully invite the public to come and see us. Round by the week $3.50. Sunday hours from 8 to 10 A. M. and 3 to 5 P. M.
THAXTER & WISH, Proprietors.
july31—sn tf

MAINE CENTRAL R. R.
—TICKETS—
WEST & SOUTH
via all routes, at LOWEST RATES. Baggage Checked to Destination Free. Special parties on First and Third Mondays each month.
Passengers are reminded that baggage will not be checked through on foreign tickets or tickets sold by outside agents or brokers.
For information call on or address,
A. W. BENSON, Ticket Agent.
jan1 sn d&w

Marine Journal.

PORT OF BANGOR.
TUESDAY, Aug 3.

ARRIVED.
Steamer Katahdin, Homer, Boston
Sch Chas Cooper, Gray, Plymouth
Sch Wm Flint, Dodge, Portland

CLEARED.
Steamer Forest City, Pierce, Boston
Steamer Cherbin, Barbour, Bar Harbor
Sch Mary E Dwight, Perkins, Cape Haytien, Pierre McCorville
Sch Isaac Orbeton, Trim, Baltimore, Pierce McCorville
Sch Bertram L Townsend, Townsend, Philadelphia, Knickerbocker Ice Co
Sch Abbie Wasson, Lord, Newark, James Walker & Co
Sch W T Emerson, Gott, Boston

DOMESTIC PORTS.
NEW YORK. Ar July 31, schs F E Smith, Whitney, Bangor; Kate Hale, Coombs, do; W E Burnes, Perkins, do for Philadelphia; Mark Gray, Randall, Rockport; Aug 1, schs Avon, Chasman Bangor.
BOSTON. Cld July 31, brig R C Sibley, Hichborn, Aspinwall.
BRUNSWICK, Ga. Ar July 31, schr Nellie S Pickering, McKean, New York for St Simon's Island.
PORTLAND. Ar Aug 1, schr A P Emerson, Reynard, New York. Cld July 31, schr Albert M Waite, Nickerson, New York.
PHILADELPHIA. Ar July 31, schr Melissa Trask, Trask, Bangor.
SAN PEDRO, Cal. Ar July 24, ship Wm A Campbell, Hathorn, Sydney, NSW.

FOREIGN PORTS.
At at Cardiff, July 31, ship David Brown, McGilvery, Bristol, E.
At at Shanghai, July 28, ship Wilna, Taylor, New York.
At at Ponce, PR, July 18, brig Elizabeth Winslow, Oakes, Little Glace Bay.
At at St Thomas, July 24, schr J D Robinson, Hagan, Martinique, and sld same day for Nagunbo, PR, to load for N of Hatteras.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.
Monetary Quotations.
NEW YORK, Aug. 3. Money at 2 a 6 per cent on call.
Prime Mercantile paper 4a5.
Sterling Exchange steady—4.84½a4.85½ for long; at 4.86a4.86½ for short.
State bonds steady.
Railroad bonds steady.

STOCKS.			
Adams Express	142½	Oregon Trans-Co'n	33½
American Express	109	Pacific Mail	67½
Central Pacific	84½	Panama	98
Ches. & Ohio	9	Pullman Palace	135¾
Chicago Alton	142½	Reading	25½
" preferred	139	Rock Island	127
Chic. Bur. & Quincy	135½	St. Louis & San Fran.	25½
Del. Hudson	99	" Preferred	53½
Del. Lack.	129½	1st preferred	110½
Den. & Rio Grande	20	St. Paul	93½
Erie	29½	" Preferred	123
" preferred	76½	St Paul Minn. & Man.	113
Ills. Central	138½	St. Paul & Omaha	45½
Ind. Bloom. & Westn	19	" Preferred	111½
Lake Erie & Westn	12	Texas Pacific	13
Lake Shore	88¾	Union Pacific	57½
Louisville & Nashv.	45½	U. S. Express	63½
Manhattan El.	134	Wabash, St L. & Pac.	17½
Mich. Cent.	81¾	" Preferred	30½
Minn. & St. L.	21½	Western Union	93½
" Preferred	46½	BONDS.	
Mo. Pacific	112½	Threes	100½
N. J. Cent.	53	4s reg.	120½
Northern Pac.	23½	4½s reg.	110¾
" Preferred	61½	4½s coup.	111½
Northwestern	114½	Cent. Pac. 1sts	114½
" Preferred	141	Den. & Rio G. 1sts	120
N. Y. Cent.	110¾	Erie Seconds	112¼
N. Y. Chic. & St. L.	9¾	Kan. Pac. Consols	102¾
" Preferred	21½	Oregon Nav. 1sts	111
Ohio Cent.	66	Union Firsts	116¼
Ohio & Miss.	24½	Union Land Grants	105
Ont. & Westn	19	Union Sink. Fund	99

New York Produce Market.
NEW YORK, Aug. 3. FLOUR — Receipts, 16,173; exports, 3,355—sales, 12,500—No 2, 2.10a2.70; superfine Western and State, 2.20a3.00; common to good extra Western and State, 2.55a3.15; good to choice do, 3.20a3.60; common to good extra Ohio, 2.65a3.00; common to choice white wheat Western extra, 3.40a3.60; common to choice extra St. Louis, 2.70a5.00; City mill extra, 4.35a4.40; winter wheat extra, 2.55a5.00; Minnesota extra, 2.65a5.00; Southern — Common to fair, 2.15a2.50; good to choice, 2.60a5.50.
WHEAT—sales 184,000 bush. —No. 2 Spring, 85½c; No. 3 Red, 60 a 82½; elevator, 66 a 68; No. 2 Red 80 a 85; elevator, 80 a 81; No. 1 Red 90; No. 1 white State, 82½a0.
Rye dull — sales, 00,00 — State, 64 a 66; Western, 65½a66; No. 2, 65½.

BARLEY steady — sales 0 000 — No. 2 Canada, 00a60; 6-row old State, 60a66.
CORN — sales 124,000 — No. 1, 00 a 00; No. 2, 50a50½; 3 No. 2 white, 46 a 51½; white mixed, or yellow, 49½a.
OATS higher—sales 118,000; No. 3, 36½; white 41; No. 2, 37 a 37½; white do., 00 a 00; 500; No. 1, 00a00; No. 1 white, 00; mixed western, 37 a 39; white do., 41 a 44½; white State, 42a45.
SUGAR steady — Standard A, 5 9-16 a 5; granulated, 6 a 6 1-16; pow lered, 6½a6¾; cut loaf, 6 3-16 a 6¾; crushed, 6 3-16 a 6¾; confectioners, 5 a 00 (¾; yellow, 4½a4¾.
MOLASSES — sales 00 bbls.—Orleans, 60.
PETROLEUM — United, 65¾ a 00; Refined, 6a 7¾; crude in barrels, 00a00.
TALLOW steady—sales 00 lbs., 4½a.
PORK steady—sales 300 bbls.—Old mess, 10.62½a 10.75; clear back, 12.25 a 12.75; family mess 11.00a; new mess, 11.62½a11.87½.
Beef steady.
LARD — Western steam, 00.00 a 7.05; refined, 7.20a6.00; contract, 6.00a7.50.
BUTTER steady — Western, 10a19; State, 15 a 21; Creamery, 18a19½.

Chicago Produce Market.
CHICAGO, Aug. 3. Flour steady.
WHEAT lower — Regular, 00 a 00; No. 2 Chicago Spring, 74a74¾; No. 3 do., 00 a 00; No. 2 Red, 76¼a00; No. 3, 00 a 00.
CORN — No. 2, 43¼a43¾.
OATS — No. 2, 27a28 27½.
RYE steady — No. 2 62a00.
BARLEY quiet — No. 2, 00 a 62½.
PORK — Mess, 9.75.
LARD steady at 6.90 6.92½.

BOARD!
Four or five first-class rooms, singly or in suit. Only three minutes walk from "down town." Table board a specialty. Apply at
EXCHANGE STREET.
aug2 sn eod2w

From 118 lbs. to 61 lbs.
To the Cuticura Remedies I owe My Health, My Happiness, and My Life.
A day never passes that I do not think and speak kindly of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. Seven years ago, all of a dozen lumps formed on my neck, ranging in size from a coarse pea to an orange. The large ones were painful to look at, and painful to bear; people turned aside when they saw me, in disgust, and I was ashamed to be on the street or in society. Physicians and their treatment, and all medicines failed to do any good. In a moment of despair I tried the Cuticura Remedies—Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, and Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, internally; the small lumps (six at first) gradually disappeared, and the large ones broke, in about two weeks, discharging large quantities of matter, leaving two slight scars in my neck to-day to tell the story of my suffering. My weight then was one hundred and fifteen sickly pounds; my weight now is one hundred and sixty-one solid, healthy pounds, and my height is only five feet five inches. In my travels I praised the Cuticura Remedies, North, South, East and West. To Cuticura Remedies I owe my health, my happiness, and my life. A prominent New York druggist asked me the other day, "Do you still use the Cuticura Remedies; you look to be in perfect health?" My reply was, "I do, and shall always. I have never known what sickness is since I commenced using the Cuticura Remedies." Sometimes I am tempted at by putting them in people not acquainted with their merits, but sooner or later they will come to their senses and believe the same as those that use them, as dozens have whom I have told. May the time come when there shall be a large Cuticura Supply-House in every city in the world, for the benefit of humanity, where the Cuticura Remedies shall be sold only, so that there will be rarely a need of ever entering a drug store.
M. HUSBANDS,
210 Fulton St., New York, N. Y.

CUTICULA REMEDIES are a positive cure for every form of Skin and Blood Diseases, from Pimples to Scrofula. Sold everywhere. Price: Cuticura, 50 cents; Soap, 25 cents; Resolvent, $1.00. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages.

PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes and Baby Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP.

For the Stomach's Sake.
For the stomach's sake, a little SANFORD'S GINGER at this season of the year is most imperatively demanded by every one, because
It is sure to check every disturbance of the Stomach and bowels, by whatsoever caused.
It prevents indigestion, flatulency and colic.
It destroys disease germs in water drunk.
It restores the circulation and digestion when suspended by a chill,—a cause of cholera morbus.
It breaks up colds and simple fevers, and
Is sure to ward off malarial influences.
It promotes sleep and allays nervousness.
It eradicates a craving for intoxicants.
It is the best of travelling companions.
It is unrivalled as a summer medicine, and
Is the finest Ginger in the world.
Prepared with the utmost skill from Imported Ginger, Choice Aromatics, and Fine Old Jamaica Sanford's Ginger is vastly superior to all other ginger, all of which are made with common alcohol, largely impregnated with poisonous fusil oil and strengthened with cayenne pepper.
SANFORD'S GINGER
Is sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers.

Aching Backs,
Weak Backs, Pain, Weakness and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Shooting Pains through the Loins, Hip and Side Pains, Lack of Strength and Activity relieved in one minute and speedily cured by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster a new, original, elegant and infallible antidote to pain and inflammation. At druggists, 25c.; five for $1.00; or postage free of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON, MASS.
WS&w

Think of This!
SETTS
—BUYS—
The Best Flour in Bangor.
This is No Catch Penny Talk!
WE GUARANTEE
Every Barrel or No Sale.
Come One! Come all!
—TO—
AVERILL'S,
No. 5 Granite Block,
EAST MARKET SQUARE.
aug4

FLOUR.
—THE CHOICEST—
Faxa and St. Louis
Flour always in stock and sold at prices that defy competition.
Every Barrel Warranted.
G. S. FARRINGTON & CO.
aug4

COTTAGE FOR RENT. A furnished cottage at Hughes' Point, Jalesboro. Will rent for two or three weeks in August. Address Box 334, Bangor. aug4

Salesman Wanted.
Experienced and capable to sell staple goods in Maine on commission. No other need apply. Address, stating age and experience, Box 754, Hartford, Ct.
aug4 3t

NEW HONEY,
—AT—
CHAS. YORK & CO.'S.
aug4

NOTICE.
The undersigned is selling the FAMOUS
AULTMAN & TAYLOR
STEAM THRESHING MACHINES,
Many hundreds of which are made every year at Mansfield, Ohio. Send for catalogues and prices.
July 29 3w Ew2w O. M. SANDERS, Brower.

Notice to Log Owners.
All persons interested in logs at Greenbush, are hereby notified that it will probably be necessary to hang a boom across the east channel of the Penobscot river at Cow Island, from Aug. 10th to Sept. 1st, for the safety of the logs in the West Branch Drive.
Per order of the Directors.
ABRAM MOOR, Clerk P. L. A.
Bangor, August 3d, 1886. 1w

DURING THE HEATED TERM
We shall let the
E. C. BURT AND DONGOLA BOOTS,
we are sole agents for in Bangor, stand on their own merits, simply remarking, to use up the ink on our pen, that they are the most elegant foot wear extant for ladies' wear.
E. J. DAVIS & CO., - - - 19 West Market Square.
aug2

FRANK EPPLEN & CO.,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
HOMESPUN SEERSUCKER
25 CENTS.
July31 d&w

USE SALVATINE
For Colic, Cramps or Pain of any Nature. Instant Relief.
For Sale by all Druggists.
CALDWELL, SWEET & BROTHER, Proprietors,
Bangor, Maine.
July30

SUMMER HATS.
We Shall Sell Off All
SUMMER MILLINERY AT SOME PRICE
19 Main Street. C. W. COFFIN.
July17. d&w

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
It having come to our knowledge that certain parties are offering or are about to offer for sale certain
PARALLEL GANG EDGERS,
which we claim to be an infringement on our Patents, dated January 16th, 1872, April 14th, 1874, and September 5th, 1876, in the United States, this is to give notice that proceedings will be instituted to recover damages for any infringement of said Patents.
HINCKLEY & EGERY IRON CO.,
BANGOR, MAINE.
Dated January 25th, 1886. jan26

Lot 1—50 Dozen Misses' French Ribbed Hose, size 6 to 8, in Black and Colors, at 25 cents. These are real French Goods and are worth 50 cents.
Lot 2—50 Dozen Ladies' Split foot Lisle and Ingrain Cotton Hosiery, from 25 cents to 50 cents—all special bargains.
Lot 3—10 pieces 40 inch all wool Imperial Serge, in new shades. These goods were bought to close a lot, and will be sold under the market value.
Lot 4—10 pieces Satin Rhadames in Black and Colors. These are new shades and we are prepared to give special bargains in these goods.
Lot 5—600 pairs Gents' Fine Braces, never sold less than 50 cents. While the lot lasts we shall sell them at 20 cents a pair.
Please Call and Examine.
C. E. LYON & CO.
14 West Market Square.
June21

INTERESTING,
Cantelopes,
Grapes, Pears,
Plums, Banaras,
Cultivated Raspberries,
Blueberries,
Oranges and Lemons,
All at the Lowest Prices,
James T. Snow & Co.
25 WEST MARKET SQUARE.
July31

HAVE YOU PROVIDED FOR YOUR MARRIAGE? Some day you will want to marry and then you will wish you had joined the Single Men's Endowment WHY Association of Minn., and secured enough to purchase a home or start in business. This is the oldest Marriage Association in the United States. NOT a Life Insurance Co. but a Benevolent Society. Join now and save some of the money you are so foolishly spending. Provide for your future comfort. Do it now. A. H. TOWLE, General Agt, 31 Main St., Room 1.
July29

A Politician's Daughter,
—BY—
MYRA SAWYER HAMLIN.
—FOR SALE AT—
HIGHT'S.
aug3

BARGAINS
—TO—
Moosehead Lake,
—FOR SALE BY—
D. BUGBEE & CO.
aug3

FOR SALE.
The Very Desirable Property
known as the homestead of the late D. F. Lenvitt, Esq., situated on French Street, together with the lot connected therewith on said street. The house is thoroughly constructed and is equipped with modern conveniences, having a good stable adjacent thereto. For situation it is desirable in every particular. For particulars apply to
CHAS. S. PEARL,
Real Estate Broker,
No. 6 Kenduskeag Block.
Com copy

THOUSANDS OF CASES OF
SICK
Headache are permanently cured every year (as the hundreds of testimonials in my possession will testify) by the use of Dr. Leslie's Special Prescription. This Remedy stands to-day without a rival and with scarcely a competitor in the world. Thousands of Physicians throughout the country have acknowledged their inability to cure it, and are now prescribing Dr. Leslie's Special Prescription for all cases of Sick
HEADACHE
in either its nervous, bilious or congestive form, arising from obstruction, congestion or torpidity of the liver. When I say that Dr. Leslie's Special Prescription will cure the most obstinate cases of Sick Headache, I mean just what I say, and that is, that it not merely relieves, but
POSITIVELY
cures, no matter how long the case may have been standing.
I have testimonials from persons who have been afflicted for twenty years, being confined to bed two or three days at a time every two weeks, that have been permanently cured by two bottles of Dr. Leslie's Special Prescription, so that they have not had an attack for over five years.
If you are troubled with Sick Headache and wish to be
CURED
be sure and give this remedy a trial. Price $1.00.
S. B. ARCHER, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.
FOR SALE BY
W. C. TRUE, Bangor, Me.
aug3

We Have a New
COMBINATION
Fruit, Wine and Jelly
PRESS.
The Best One Made.
W. P. DICKEY & CO.
July9

Excursions.

GRAND EXCURSION
—TO—
BELFAST and ROCKLAND,
Monday, Aug. 9th,
—ON—
STEAMER FOREST CITY
Leaving Bangor at 7.30 Local Time.
Touching at Hampden, Winterport, Hampden, Belfast and Northport Camp Ground each way, arriving at Rockland at 1 o'clock.
The Steamer will be placed in Rockland and everything pertaining to the comfort and enjoyment of the excursionists will be attended to.
Returning, the steamer will leave Rockland at 6 o'clock local time, giving four hours in Rockland so that those who desire can have time to visit the State Prison.
Parties from Oldtown, Great Work, Orono, Winslow, Orono and Veazie, can avail themselves of the early morning train.
Apply at Chas. Hight's Store for programmes and tickets.
Tickets also for sale on board.
A good opportunity is afforded the citizens of Bangor and Belfast to visit Camp Ground.
If raining, the excursion will be put off.
Tickets to Rockland and Return.
Tickets to Belfast and Return.
Tickets from Belfast and Northport Camp Ground to Rockland and Return.
JEFFERSON CROCKER, } MANAGERS.
N. B. Steamer will positively not stop at above landings as advertised.
aug2

EXCURSION
The Order of United Fellowship
Will make their Fifth Annual excursion on the steamer Queen City, Capt. Rackliff,
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4th,
—TO—
RYDER'S COVE, ISLESBORO,
Touching at Hampden and Back Cove. Dance in an adjoining alley have been engaged for those who enjoy those exhilarating movements. Good Music will be secured and all time is expected. The public are invited.
Tickets 50 cents; children under 12 years, 25 cents.
July29—tw.

Entertainments

OP

Fair and Courier.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1886.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

THE CHAUTAUQUANS.

Continuation of the Fryeburg Meeting.

Interesting Address by Hon. James G. Blaine.

PORTLAND, Aug. 3. Mr. Blaine was among the visitors at the Chautauqua Camp to-day, at Fryeburg, and in the forenoon spoke briefly regarding some tendencies in modern college education. He had long wished, he said, to visit one of the Chautauqua assemblies, to learn more of their modes of procedure and to express his admiration of the signally efficient work the association is doing, so modestly and with so small cost. Members are indeed accomplishing what Sidney Smith declared the founders of the Edinburg Review had prescribed as their aim, in a classic maxim which freely translated, meant that they were cultivating literature on a little oatmeal.

The organization which Dr. Vincent has so ably perfected is novel in its design and would have been absolutely impossible before the era of railroads and the telegraph.

Founded a Popular University

in which students can be admitted without regard to age or previous culture, and which, by the large stimulus imparted by the corporation, is producing hundreds of thousands of serious readers in the country. It is self-instruction guided in the right channels, and made efficient by a comprehensive and masterly organization. Among the features of it is Chautauqua organization might teach useful lessons to many of our colleges.

The Danger Resulting our Higher Education

is its expense and, beyond that the still greater danger of permitting a demoralizing and corrupting expenditure beyond the necessary outlay of college life. In old times, which have come down to us from the colonial period the ancient habit was to arrange boys, in a class roll according to the recognized social rank of the parents. The establishment of a National Republican Government as the result of our successful revolution, broke down this aristocratic pretension and the names of students were thenceforth called alphabetically. But in the remarkable acquisition of wealth on the part of so many in the United States, another distinction was growing, in our highest colleges.

Even more Offensive than the Ancient One,

a distinction which the equality of all men, set forth in the Declaration of Independence, would not endure. Of all the forms of social superiority the most unendurable is that founded on mere wealth, unaccompanied, as it often is, by learning, by virtue, or by good manners. The sense of inequality forced on the poor boy or the boy of moderate means by the lavish expenditure of the rich boy will prove in the end destructive to the usefulness of any institution that permits it. The Military and Naval Academies of the National Government have been opposed often in Congress on the ground that they are aristocratic institutions. That is a great mistake.

There are no institutions in the country in which

Equality of Right and Equality of Position

are so absolutely maintained as in those at West Point and Annapolis. No cadet can spend more than another and each is limited to some hundred and forty dollars per annum. On that amount the son of Mr. Van Buren when he was the President of the United States, and the son of the tailor who was making the cadet uniforms—were each and alike compelled to live. The university in the United States which can establish Democratic equality in style of living among all its students and allow no distinctions except those based on the assistance of talent and acquirements will inevitably become the center and

Source of the Highest Culture

in America, and will contribute to the elevation of the learned professions in civil life to a high degree. West Point and Annapolis have contributed to the military and naval, and the prestige of the republic. Another feature of collegiate training to which exception may be taken is the long time employed. The admission to college now is on the average at the age at which students in the preceding generation graduated. To a young man devoted by an ample course it runs thus: Admitted to college at eighteen, graduates at twenty-two, completes his professional studies at twenty-five, goes abroad to hear lectures in a foreign university, and returns home at twenty-seven or twenty-eight.

If he be the heir to a great fortune and friends to lead

A Life of Mere Leisurely Elegance

his form of preparation is very well, but if he is compelled to depend ultimately on his own labor for his bread he is sincerely to be pitied. He has contracted habits and tastes quite out of harmony with the pecuniary means on which he is to live, and uncongenial to the clients upon whose favor and confidence he must depend for success. He finds that the contemporary who opened a law office at 21 or 22 has already gained a strong foothold in the profession and while he, with his European training, may know more than many in those fields, he knows less the fields essential to success.

He finds himself

Outstripped

by those of his own age and

Finds that he has Wasted,

in general culture, some precious years which should have been devoted to his special calling in life. The disadvantage of which a young man will be subjected in the learned professions is vastly increased when he intends to enter upon a business career, as a banker, a merchant, or a manufacturer, and in either case his fate is not unlikely to be that of a discouraged life. I would not put forth this judgment with such confidence, said Mr. Blaine, if I did not feel sustained by the opinion of one of the ablest men who ever taught in the English tongue.

An English gentleman, the late Mr. Forster, widely known as Secretary for Ireland in the Gladstone Cabinet, was the son-in-law of

The Illustrious Arnold of Rugby

and in a conversation on the subject which I am now discussing Mr. Forster told me that it was the opinion of Dr. Arnold that the young men of England were making the mistake of delay and it were better that they should be engaged in their life calling by twenty-one or twenty-two years of age. Of course I shall not be misunderstood as applying these remarks to any young man who is devoting himself to a purely literary life or to any specialist who gives his time to the utmost bound of investigation. I am speaking of the great mass of college graduates who are to be men of affairs, who depend upon their earnings for their bread.

But even with literary men I think our New England

History Would bear out my Assertion

as strongly as with professional men. Longfellow graduated at Bowdoin before he was eighteen George Bancroft had earned Harvard's diploma at seventeen; Ralph Waldo Emerson was under nineteen when he graduated, and Edward Everett not seventeen. In professional and public life it is equally striking. Mr. Webster, Mr. Choate, Mr. Seward, and Mr. Fessenden were all through college and reading law by the time they were nineteen years of age. But I do not mean to imply that a boy should be educated with reference to a particular profession. It is difficult to tell at fifteen or sixteen years of age what a boy may wish to do with himself at seventeen or twenty.

The curriculum is good for all alike, and a regular

Course of Study Will Develope Maturity,

which will enable him to choose his profession more wisely. I have serious doubts, therefore, as to the mission of an elective course becoming so popular in many parts of the country. A remarkable instance which I may recall, as narrated to me, will illustrate what I mean. The elder Mr. Latrobe, an eminent member of the Baltimore bar, had two promising sons in whom he thought he saw very clearly the indications for professional lives. One with a mathematical turn went to West Point as a cadet. The other seemed adapted to law, and after his graduation at college he studied in his father's office and was admitted to the bar soon after his brother entered the army.

But a few years

Developed this Singular Change.

The West Point graduate did not like army life and therefore resigned, studied law and became eminent in his profession. The other retired from law and became the distinguished civil engineer who constructed the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad across the Alleghany Mountains. Few cases, perhaps, would so strikingly illustrate the point at issue, but I think it very often found that an elective course for a young man has failed to fit him for the duties of the career of his subsequent years.

Mr. Blaine spoke at some length, maintaining the study of

Greek as Part of the College Course.

He did not expect that one student in a thousand would ever come to know the Greek language with the accuracy that would enable him to enjoy Homer in the original, but every student should know enough to give him a quick comprehension of the derivation of the whole field of scientific words which are borrowed from the Greek, which enjoyment may be found in the splendid pages of Chapman or even in Bryant and Derby. But it is of inestimable advantage for a man to know why phonograph and photograph should have their meanings and why telescope means one thing and telegraph another.

This kind of knowledge upbuilds and increases

The Knowledge of our Mother Tongue,

and in the United States he is the most thoroughly educated who has the most thorough mastery of English.

Mr. Blaine closed by some observations on the great advantage of oral teaching when he had the talent and genius for it. The youth is always captivated and inspired by the teacher who goes beyond the text book and gives new light and life to what is too often the lifeless page. He used many illustrations to enforce this point. Mr. Blaine spoke about an hour using no manuscript of any kind.

THE AROOSTOOK EXPLORERS.

Arrival at Caribou After a Pleasant Trip.

[Special Despatch to the Whig and Courier.]

CARIBOU, Aug. 3. The Aroostook exploration party, which left Bangor at 8 o'clock A. M., arrived at Vanceboro at 11 o'clock, where a splendid dinner awaited the party. The reception committees from Houlton, Caribou and Presque Isle met the party at this place. The journey was resumed at 12 o'clock, and on reaching McAdam Junction a short stop was made. The station was handsomely decorated with both English and American flags in honor of the occasion. The rain, which had been falling for some time, cleared up just as we reached the beautiful valley of the St. John river, and all were delighted with the view, by most of whom it was enjoyed for the first time.

During the remainder of the trip to Caribou, which was reached at 6 P. M., the journey was a most delightful one and the party were profuse in their expressions of admiration, and were highly pleased with the perfection of arrangements made for their comfort and entertainment. B. A. B.

[To Associated Press.]

Reception at Caribou.

CARIBOU, Aug. 3. The Aroostook excursion arrived on time, all safe. They were received by a crowd of people and all were speedily furnished with accommodations. At 8 o'clock the public hall was filled and an enthusiastic reception given the guests. Hon. S. W. Matthews made a happy speech of welcome, to which Col. Atwood made a brief and appropriate response.

Col. Needham, Secretary of the New England Agricultural Society, made an eloquent address and was followed by Messrs. Stockin and Hume, of Boston, ex-Mayor Pratt, of Worcester, and others. A portion of the party will visit New Sweden and in the afternoon all will proceed to Presque Isle.

FROM SEARSPORT.

House and Contents Burned.

[Special to the Whig and Courier.]

SEARSPORT, Aug. 4, A. M. Rufus E. Sargents' house, about three-fourths of a mile from the village, was totally destroyed by fire Tuesday night with all the furniture and household goods. Loss $1,500; partly insured. Mr. Sargent was at Bangor to purchase lumber to build a stable. His wife and little son were at her mother's about half a mile away. The fire was undoubtedly set by a tramp who had been driven from a barn in that vicinity and who was seen about the premises just before dark.

FROM BRIDGTON.

Death of Hon. George Pierce, of Harrison

BRIDGTON, Aug. 3. Hon. George Pierce of Harrison, the oldest Mason in Maine and one of the oldest of the residents of this section, who has been prominent in politics and an influential Mason of many years standing, died to-day, aged about 90. He has served as Representative in the Legislature, State Senator, as a member of Gov. Lot. M. Morrill's Council and in other public stations. He was very highly respected. He had served as Justice of the Peace nearly half a century. Oriental Lodge of Masons, of which he was a charter member, will have the direction of the obsequies on Thursday, at Harrison.

ARRESTED ON A GRAVE CHARGE.

A Bride Charged with Murdering her Husband.

DEXTER, Me., July 3. Deputy Sheriff R. S. Williams of Hartland, Me., on Monday evening arrested in Dexter, Mrs. C. A. Copeland, nee Mrs. C. A. Varney, charged with the murder of her husband James Copeland at Pittsfield four weeks ago by administering laudanum. He has this morning taken her to Hartland for a preliminary hearing.

FROM ELLSWORTH.

House Burned at Trenton.

ELLSWORTH, Aug. 3. Last Friday the house of Alex. Pike, of Trenton, was destroyed by fire with nearly all its contents. Loss $1,200; insurance $600. The fire caught on the roof from a spark.

FROM CALAIS.

A British Schooner Capsized.

CALAIS, Me., August 3. Schooner Wyoma, of Parrsboro', N. S., from Calais for Parrsboro, light, capsized in a squall off Devil's Head this afternoon. The crew were rescued.

THE ANARCHISTS' TRIAL.

Unimportant Evidence for the Defence.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3. In the anarchists' trial to-day a number of witnesses were introduced by the defence who testified that the reputation of Gitmer, who swore that he saw Spies light the bomb and Schnaubelt throw it, for truth and veracity was bad. The testimony did not have much weight as it was all hearsay testimony.

COOLER THAN IN BANGOR.

Snow in New York and at the White Mountains.

Earthquake Shocks Reported.

SUMMIT HOUSE, Mount Washington, N. H., Aug. 3. There has been a snow storm on Mount Washington. The snow was an inch and a half deep at 6.30, the wind eighty miles an hour. Windows were quickly frosted and the thermometer stood at 38 degrees. The Summit car is running and people are flocking to see the sight.

An earthquake this morning was reported about 8 o'clock at Bethlehem, and snow fell at Fabyan's. There were two loud reports and shocks, which made houses rock and everything rattle, and some houses are reported.

Snow and Cold at Rome N. Y.

ROME, N. Y., Aug. 3. At 4.55 o'clock this morning, snow began falling here, the fall lasting about five minutes. The weather is extremely cold for the season.

Races Postponed on Account of Cold.

SARATOGA, Aug. 3. The races here today were postponed on account of the threatening and extremely cold weather. The entries will stand for to-morrow.

FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS—1st Session.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3. The Senate met at 10 o'clock.

Mr. Hale, from the Conference Committee on the Deficiency bill, submitted a report and proceeded to explain in regard to certain claims for income tax paid by non-resident aliens, which had been regularly estimated for and which the House had partially and the Senate entirely put in the bill. It had turned out in conference that there were objections to some of those put in by the Senate and the conferees recommended that these items be referred back to the Secretary of the Treasury with instructions to report the facts to Congress at the next session.

Mr. Allison reported back the House adjournment resolution, with an amendment changing the time from July 28 to 4 P. M. the fourth of August.

Mr. Hoar expressed his dissent to the passage of this or any other adjournment resolution until the Senate considered the bill reported by him April 18th for inquiries under national authority. He referred to massacres during the last few years in Louisiana, South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi and other Southern States, and stated that in every one of these cases, so far as he was shown to the people of the North, by the press, a negro and a Republican were the victims and a Democrat and a white man the aggressors.

A lengthy discussion followed, Senator Hoar's remarks in which Messrs. Kenna, Eustis, Berry and Gibson scathingly rebuked the Senator from Massachusetts for introducing the subject of southern atrocities just at the evening of the adjournment of Congress. Mr. George, a member of the Judiciary Committee and Mr. Dawes endorsed Senator Hoar's views, Mr. Dawes endorsed his colleague as representing truly in this matter the sentiment of the people of Massachusetts.

Mr. Blair objected to further consideration of the adjournment resolution and it was placed on the calendar. Mr. Blair called up the report of the Committee on Pensions relating to the bill giving a pension to Mary Nottage and proceeded to state the merits of the case.

The discussion was interrupted by the appointment of Messrs. Dawes Plumb and Gorman as conference committee on the amendments to the Fortification bill.

Later another interruption was scored by the Conference Committee on the River and Harbor bill handing in their report, which Mr. Edmunds insisted should be read in full. This was done and the report agreed to without division.

The consideration of the vetoed pension bill was then resumed. The vote, a strict party one, was yeas 26, nays 19. The necessary two-thirds not voting in the affirmative the bill failed to pass.

The John H. Romisers vetoed pension bill was taken up and on a statement by Mr. Wilson, of Maryland, that the President, when vetoing it, had labored under a misapprehension, the bill passed by a unanimous vote over the veto.

At 6 o'clock the Senate took a recess till 8.

At the evening session, after some routine work, the Senate took up the conference report on the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill. Some opposition was shown, but the report was finally adopted, yeas 37, nays 14.

House.

The Speaker laid before the House the President's message announcing his approval of the Oleomargarine bill and it was read and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means; also a message from the President transmitting the papers in the Cutting case and it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Willis, of Kentucky, presented the conference report on the River and Harbor Appropriation bill.

The bill as reported from the conference appropriates $14,750,900.

The House, by a vote of 143 to 21, turned to the consideration of the report, and it was accepted.

The conference report on the appropriation bill was also agreed to, and the report of the surplus joint resolution was ordered.

The conference report on the sundry civil bill closed the day's proceedings and after accepting the same the House adjourned.

THE GRAND ARMY.

Receptions Given in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 3. Commander-in-Chief Burdette of the G. A. R., was tendered a reception last night at the Mechanics' Pavilion by the National Guard of California. This was followed by a grand ball given in honor of the officers and delegates of the G. A. R., Army of the Potomac and Woman's Relief Corps. Over 8,000 persons were present. At the Metropolitan Hall a reception was tendered the Society of the Army of the Potomac by Mayor Bartlett, who delivered an address of welcome. About 3,000 persons were present.

An Immense Attendance.

Never before have so many been seen in the streets of San Francisco. There were fully 11,000 in line and 35,000 others looked on. From the start to the finish the march was a triumphant ovation.

The carriage in which Gen. Sherman rode was suddenly attacked by six handsomely dressed young ladies, armed with baskets of flowers, who, with cheers and laughter, opened fire on the General, pelting him with roses. The General gracefully raised his hat, and the cheers of the spectators, and bowed repeatedly in acknowledgment of his a defeat. One unexpected result of the procession, and it was very serious to many, was the rush to the restaurant after the parade was over.

Over 30,000 persons had been standing from 8 o'clock till 12.45, without eating. As soon, therefore, as the cry "its all over" went up, the "hall" furnished spectators rushed to the restaurant.

Several cases of women fainting from hunger and fatigue were reported. Those who had to wait for the first rush to be over made for the fruit stands.

YACHT RACES.

The Atalanta Wins the Forbes Silver Sloop.

GLOUCESTER, Aug. 3. The Forbes regatta was started to-day off Annisquam, the principal prize being a silver sloop, offered by A. J. Forbes, valued at $300. Other prizes are silver cups and cash, ranging from $75 to $10. Among those entered were Black Cloud, Atalanta, Lovette, Silver Cloud, Puritan, Rosey, Lark, Venus, Osceola, Vesper, Eugenia, Victoria, Good Luck, Sea Bird, Adele, Kittie, and Petrel. The course was a triangular one of seven miles repeated. The second class started just after noon. The Puritan sprang her mast and went out of the race. Black Cloud was the first to get away in the first class. The Tyrant parted her yards and withdrew. The Spark carried away her main boom and went out of the race. Black Cloud led, but at 1.45 became disabled and hauled off.

The Atalanta wins in the first class and takes the silver sloop.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEP'T. OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., Aug. 4—(1 A. M.)

Indications:

For Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Fair weather; slightly warmer, westerly winds.

FROM WASHINGTON.

News About the Capital.

The Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3. The Sundry Civil bill, which has been regarded as a warm obstacle in the way of the speedy adjournment of Congress, was agreed upon by the conferees to-day. The coast survey item, inserted by the Senate, remains substantially as it passed the Senate, while the provision for the protection of Yellowstone Park is the same as that made in the original House bill. The Bartholdi statue item, inserted by the Senate, remains in the bill.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Lawyer Whittier Under $30,000 Bail.

BOSTON, Aug. 3. J. A. L. Whittier, a prominent lawyer, under arrest on charge of embezzling trust funds belonging to Miss Reed, was arraigned this morning and, waiving examination, was held in $30,000 for action of the Superior Court at the September term. Civil proceedings have been inaugurated against Whittier and his entire property, estimated at about $10,000, has been attached in favor of Miss Reed. It has been ascertained that notes of hand to the value of $5,000 or $6,000 are due Whittier from outside parties and a bill in equity has been filed to procure the payment of these notes to Miss Reed. It is reported that some time since Whittier presented a valuable house and lot to the wife of a near relative and steps are to be taken to secure this property if possible.

Held as Witnesses.

The mate, Hugh McDonald, and three seamen of the schooner Nellie C. Crane, have been held in custody to serve as witnesses against Frederick Sears, cook of the schooner now held at Wilmington, Del., on the charge of attempting to kill Captain Nickerson with a razor.

A Bold Burglar's Doings.

Mr. Curtis who keeps the Hillside hostelry on the line between Brookline and West Roxbury, was robbed of $153 by a second story burglar last night. Mr. Curtis and wife were awakened by the burglar moving about the room, and Mr. Curtis jumped up and trekked the intruder, who, seizing Mr. Curtis' trousers with the money in them, ran for the window, through which he disappeared. Curtis was close behind him and was climbing out of the window to the leader used by the thief, when the latter turned and fired a shot from a 32 calibre revolver at Curtis, who was unarmed. The latter was blinded by the flash and before he could recover the robber had escaped. The bullet imbedded itself in the wall near Curtis' head. There is no trace of the chief.

BASE BALL.

Tuesday's Record.

At Boston: Bostons 8; St. Louis 8. Game called to allow the St. Louis to catch the train.

At Washington: Kansas Citys, 6; Washingtons 2.

At New York: Chicagos 6; New Yorks 7.

At Philadelphia: Philadelphias 8; Detroits 7.

At Portland: Portlands 18; Haverhills 3.

At Concord: Concords 7; Manchesters 4.

At Brockton: Newburyports 15; Brocktons 11.

At Lawrence: Lawrences 7; Boston Blues 11.

CALIFORNIA.

A. P. Williams Elected United States Senator.

SACRAMENTO, Aug. 3. Both houses of the Legislature met at one o'clock to elect a United States Senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Miller, and A. P. Williams, who was nominated at the Republican caucus a few hours before, received a majority of the votes in both houses. The Democrats nominated Senator Hearst. The vote of both houses stood: Williams, 70, Hearst 22.

New Advertisements.

See arrangement of trains on Bangor and Katahdin Iron Works Railway.

Best flour in Bangor at $5.75 at Averill's.

Haxall and St. Louis flour at George S. Farrington & Co's.

Furnished cottage at Hughes' Point for rent.

See notice salesman wanted.

Photographs at moderate prices at Marston's.

New honey at Charles York & Co's.

Business Items.

Young or middle-aged men suffering from nervous debility, loss of memory, premature old age, as the result of bad habits, should send 10 cents in stamps for large illustrated treatise. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. WS&w

If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned griping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. d&w1w 1931

The special advantages of the Bryant & Stratton Commercial School are admirably set forth in the announcement of its reopening, which will be found in another column. The Principal, Mr. H. E. Hibbard, has been eminently successful in sending out a large number of well equiped, and self-reliant pupils, who are filling responsible positions, to which he has introduced them, in all our large cities. d&w1t

Ladies in delicate health will find Vgeetine most perfectly adapted to their case FMWdw

Mrs. Charlotte Pitt, of Troy, N. Y., writes: "I have been troubled with Sick Headache over twenty years, having an attack every two weeks which confined me to my bed two and three days at a time; was entirely cured by Dr. Leslie's Special Prescription. Give it a trial. aug3 d&w1w

Try Carter's Little Nerve Pills for any case of nervousness, sleeplessness, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, &c. Relief is sure. The only nerve medicine for the price in the market. In vials at 25 cents. d&w1w Jy31

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, but do not purge. They are sure to please. d&w1w Jy31

The tonic and alterative properties of Ayer's Sarsaparilla are too well known to require the specious aid of any exaggerated or fictitious certificate. Witnesses of the marvellous cures effected by this preparation are to-day living in every city and hamlet of the land. d&w1w Jy30

The remedy which most successfully combats malarial disorders, is Ayer's Ague Cure. It is a purely vegetable compound, and contains neither quinine nor any other dangerous ingredient. Warranted to cure chills and fever. d&w1w Jy30

CUMULATIVE TESTIMONY has proven beyond all cavil or doubt that the healing properties of JUMBOLENE are indeed marvelous. d&w1w

feb4

Missionary Bowler writes, "Having used Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam for bronchial affections, hoarseness, and severe colds, I am prepared to say that it has afforded almost immediate relief in my most effective preparation of its kind for all diseases of the throat, and bronchitis. REV. S. R. BOWLER."

"Hepatic (State of Maine) Missionary." Trial bottles 10 cents, at the druggists.

jy29 d&w1w

CLEAN OUT YOUR LIVER, and you'll have no Liver Complaints, Kidney Troubles, Loss of Appetite and feel as though you could sleep forever. DR. MANLY HARDY'S GENUINE JAUNDICE BITTERS, by a test of more than sixty years, have proved their worth for such purposes. Tell your Grocer to bring you a 25 CENT bottle or paper and try them. Druggists and Grocers.

feb12

LOCAL MATTERS.

N. T. Swan, Esq., has rented his cottage at Northport for the season to parties from Michigan.

The weather yesterday was very cold and there was a strong breeze all day. Last evening the light overcoats appeared in large numbers.

The schooner Bertram L. Townsend sailed for Philadelphia from the Katahdin houses yesterday with ice for the Knickerbocker Ice Company.

During the months of June and July 210 vessels passed through the draw at the railroad bridge. This is a falling off of about forty from last year.

Regular business meeting of the Crusade this afternoon at half past two. Prayer meeting to which all are invited at four. Held in the Reading rooms, Franklin Street.

There are now 558 patients at the Insane Hospital at Augusta, as compared with 474 one year ago. The Board of Trustees of the Institution meets there one week from to-day.

There were four Pullman parlor cars filled with passengers on the train for Bar Harbor yesterday afternoon. The travel is very heavy toward the resort and light from it.

A Houlton woman was arrested Saturday for selling liquor without a license and brought to this city. Here, Monday, she was allowed to give bonds and depart for the north again.

The County Commissioners held their regular monthly session yesterday, but transacted no business of special interest. A large number of bills were disposed of during the day.

Engineer Fellows and others at the Water Works have seen salmon around the dam every day since early spring up to about one week ago. They have now entirely disappeared.

The steamer Queen City went to Bucksport yesterday and took a large excursion party down the river and bay. It was made up of people from the Elm street Congregational Society.

It was very cool at Moosehead yesterday. The wind blew heavily and the boats had a rough passage between West Cove and Kineo. It seemed more like an autumn day than one in the early part of August.

Mr. John C. Honey had the four fingers on one hand taken off yesterday morning while at work at the Katahdin Company's ice houses. He was trying to clear out some refuse from under an ice planer when the accident occurred.

The new ladies quartette here has been named the Euterpe Quartette. Its first appearance will be in Camden next Tuesday evening. The quartette is singing beautifully, winning much praise from the critics who have listened to it.

Work on Mr. John H. Eveleth's new mill at Shirley is to be commenced at once. S. H. Richardson, Esq., of this city, who is to direct the operations, leaves for Shirley this morning. This will undoubtedly be the best mill of its size on the Piscataquis river.

While the Pullman parlor cars which came up from Bar Harbor yesterday noon were being shifted to a side track, to be made up into the Flying Yankee train for the west, one of them left the track. A crew of men at work in the yard was quickly summoned and the car replaced, so that the train was delayed only thirteen minutes.

The funeral of Capt. Levi Emerson occurred from his late residence on the Odlin road yesterday afternoon. There was a large attendance. Rev. F. E. Rogers, pastor of the Union street Methodist church, officiated in a feeling manner, and music was furnished by a quartette. The bearers were Police Officers John C. Bowen, P. J. Dougherty, L. W. Gilman and T. A. Davis.

The report so widely circulated Monday in regard to the death of William Peaslee, proved to be entirely incorrect. William was thought to be dead by a friend who at once started the story, but yesterday the supposed deceased man was on the streets feeling as well as usual and hearing remarks from his very numerous acquaintances in regard to his anti-ghost like appearance.

The steamer Katahdin did not arrive here yesterday until half past two o'clock. She was greatly delayed by a northwest wind which prevented making landings quickly. The Katahdin continues to increase the number of her passengers out of Boston. She had 375 this trip 100 of whom were bound to Bar Harbor, but a good proportion came through to Bangor. The boat also had a heavy freight.

In April last Congressman Boutelle presented a request from Asbury Caldwell Post, G. A. R. of Sherman Mills for the establishment of a board of examining surgeons in that vicinity. Under date of July 29 the Commissioner informs Mr. Boutelle that a board has been established at Patten, with Drs. H. Owen, President, F. F. Bigelow, Secretary and Benj. C. Woodbury, Treasurer.

Mr. W. A. Kimball brought his first excursion party from the Provinces to visit Bar Harbor on the Flying Yankee yesterday noon. There were fifty-six ladies and gentlemen from St. John, Fredericton, St. Stephen, Calais and Eastport. They registered at the Bangor House for dinner and left for Mount Desert on the 4.50 train. The next party will arrive here next Tuesday and will have about 150 participants.

Capt. S. H. Barbour owns one-half of the Seaside House at Islesboro with Mr. Gower. The house cost $12,000 or more, and was purchased for an extremely low price. Both of the owners are enterprising men and intend to boom Islesboro and their hotel. They are already contemplating changes and improvements there. The Islesboro people are much pleased with the sale of the property.

The members of the Order of United Fellowship in Bangor will make their fifth annual excursion on the steamer Queen City to-day going to Ryder's Cove, Islesboro. The boat will touch both at Hampden and Bucksport and it is expected that a large party will make the trip. At Ryder's the dance hall and bowling alley have been engaged and a fish chowder will be served. The public are cordially invited and the steamer will leave her wharf at eight o'clock local time.

OFF FOR AROOSTOOK. Hon. Fred Atwood, with his Aroostook party, left here yesterday morning for their northern tour under the most auspicious circumstances. Their train was made up of the fine new locomotive number 79, four of the new passenger coaches of the the New Brunswick Railway, and a baggage car. All of the cars were bright and clean and the train was a very handsome one. It was in charge of Conductor Maling as far as Vanceboro. General Manager Cram joined the party here. They return Friday on the Flying Yankee.

The new hotel which is being erected on Deer Island at Moosehead will probably be completed in about one month, so as to be occupied by guests for the fall shooting.

Forepaugh's circus seems to have hard luck this season. On Friday his train broke into three sections at Londonderry, N. S. Three flat cars were thrown off the track, and several cages filled with wild animals overturned. Mr. Forepaugh's private sleeping car was badly damaged. One man is reported injured but not seriously. The accident was due to worn coupling pins.

Mr. George Ross, the popular proprietor of the Vanceboro Hotel, has leased the hotel run in connection with the railroad at McAdam for a term of five years. He proposes to connect the two houses by telephone, and will enlarge and improve the house at McAdam. He has already made some marked improvements in the house at Vanceboro, which will continue under his personal supervision, while an assistant manager will take charge of the other house.

Comrades of the old Third Maine Regiment are awaiting with much interest the forthcoming history of that famous organization, of which Gen. O. O. Howard was the first commander. It is being written by Rev. E. W. Preble, formerly a popular pastor of the Universalist church in this city, and will be issued this fall. The *Gospel Banner* says: Dr. Preble has been painstaking in gathering materials, and with his talent for graphic writing, his book will be up with the best in its class.

DROWNED IN THE KENDUSKEAG. James Grant of this city, a man about forty-five years old, was seen by the police walking down Broad street at about eleven o'clock Monday night in a rather intoxicated condition. Yesterday morning some men on Commercial wharf on that street noticed a body at low tide lying on the muddy bed of Kenduskeag stream. A rope was secured and the remains hoisted to the wharf, when they were found to be those of Grant. It is supposed that he wandered off the wharf in the darkness and was drowned. He was a cooper by trade, resided on Oak street and leaves a daughter and two sons.

AT THE WATER WORKS. Operations have commenced at the Water Works upon the new building to contain the two additional pumps which it is proposed to put in next year. About a week ago a crew began to dig the cellar for the building. The latter will be of brick 23 x 25 and will be joined to the main structure. It will be completed this fall together with the foundation for the pumps and the flume for the water wheels. The pumps will be added next season without doubt. Their capacity is expected to be about five million gallons per day. During the month of July the average number of gallons pumped per day was two millions. The amount of water used by the city is constantly and rapidly increasing.

THE UNITED WORKMEN. Hon. James Weymouth of Old Town, Grand Master Workman of the Ancient Order of United Workmen of New England, was in the city yesterday noon on his way to Portland for a short visit. Mr. Weymouth says that the growth of the order in New England far exceeds the expectations of its officers, and the demand for new lodges continues steadily and strongly. The Grand Master visited John Endicott Lodge of Salem, the oldest lodge in the jurisdiction, last week, and made an excursion with the lodge to a point near Salem. The annual reunion of the New Eng. and lodges will be held in Boston next October, and arrangements are being made for a grand time. In Maine, applications for charters are coming in constantly. A new lodge will soon be instituted at Bar Harbor with thirty members.

FUNERAL OF DR. SEAVEY. The funeral of Dr. Calvin Seavey, occurred from his late residence at the corner of Hammond and Ohio streets yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. The attendance was unusually large and the services very impressive. Rev. Amory Battles officiated making extended remarks eulogistic of the deceased and the medical profession and offering an earnest prayer. The Universalist quartette sang three beautiful selections during the services. There was a profuse and rich floral display, many designs being sent by friends of the deceased. The bearers were Drs. E. M. Field, G. P. Jefferds, R. K. Jones and P. Evans and Sprague Adams, Esq., of this city and Mr. Frank G. Arey, of Brewer. The services were in charge of ex-Gov. Davis. At the grave Rev. Mr. Battles made an eloquent prayer.

THE THIRD PARTY MOVEMENT. There was a small attendance at the meeting of the Prohibition party in Stetson's Hall, Granite Block, last evening. Capt. Elijah Low presided and made remarks, and other gentlemen also expressed their views on the subjects under consideration. The Executive Committee, through its chairman, R. S. Morison, Esq., reported a plan of action, which was accepted by the meeting. It has been decided to call a mass convention at City Hall, Wednesday, August 18th, to nominate county officers and for a general temperance meeting. The Bangor party will hold regular meetings every Tuesday evening in Stetson's Hall. The call for the convention will soon be issued. No other business of importance was transacted last evening, but the discussion on the various questions occupied considerable time.

Card from Sheriff Chapman.

An anonymous route signed "A Republican" has made its appearance, and has been generally circulated to prejudice my candidacy for renomination. The circular charges me with certain errors in my accounts with the county for board of prisoners after they had been released and insinuating that such prisoners were improperly released.

As to the latter charge, no prisoner has been released except by authority, and according to the custom of the institution. As to the errors in account, I have to say that my books were kept by the turnkey, it being his duty to give proper credit to the county when a prisoner was released from jail. It came to my knowledge that the accounts were incorrect. I promptly examined the books and ascertained that he had carelessly overcharged the county with the sum of $19.30 in a gross sum of over six thousand dollars. This error I promptly rectified and gave the County Commissioners notice of the same.

Ordinarily an anonymous communication is beneath the notice of honorable men, nor does it ever emanate from gentlemen, when circulated to injure.

Respectfully,

C. D. CHAPMAN, Sheriff.

AMUSEMENTS.

Royal Marionettes.

This novelty will be introduced to our people to-morrow night and an amusing entertainment may be expected. The presents to be given away are on exhibition in the lobby at the Opera House, and speak for themselves. Seats are now on sale and should be secured in advance.

CITY AFFAIRS.

The City Council transacted the following business at the regular meeting held last evening.

IN BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Order passed for such repairs to be made on Dutton street, from the entrance to the Fair grounds to Main street, as may be deemed necessary by the Mayor and Street Engineers for the accommodation of the public.

Andrew J. Varley was confirmed by the Municipal officers as a member of Union Hose Company and certificates granted.

Petition of S. Clement for sewerage; referred to Sewer Board.

Petition of M. Moriarty for license to move a wooden building on Franklin street within the fire limits; granted, subject to conditions of the city ordinances.

Report of Committee on By-Laws and Police Regulations on subject matter of bonds for police and gates at approaches to Kenduskeag Stream; accepted and order passed for the purchase of three or more boats, if deemed advisable by Mayor and Committee on City Property, and gates at highways leading to stream.

Petition of A. L. Simpson for a gas light on Pleasant street; referred to Committee on Gas Lights.

Order for the City Engineer to report any encroachments on Main street below the "Tin bridge," and on Bower, from Ohio to Everett, passed.

Order passed for the abatement of ten per cent. on taxes paid within thirty days after commitment.

Petition of Assistant Engineers for increase of salary; referred to Committee on Fire Department.

Petition for repairs on Howard road; referred to the Committee on Streets and Highways.

Petition of A. Kelley for sewer on First street; referred to Sewer Board.

Petition of Elijah Low Hose Company for city to purchase alarm bell of them; referred to Committee on Fire Department.

Report of City Solicitor on order for inquiry into standard of milk measures; accepted.

Report of Sewer Board on Petition for sewer from Pearl to Otis streets; accepted and subject matter postponed.

Report of Sewer Board on final assessments for constructing sewers on Thomas lane, Hammond and Ohio streets; accepted and the usual notice ordered on each report.

Petition for sewer on Wiley street; referred to Sewer Board.

Order passed for the purchase of a hearse for Maple Grove Cemetery.

Report of Committee on Gas on petition for gas light on Union street accepted and order passed to locate one between Hudson and Pond streets.

Order passed for survey of a public sewer on Thomas street and report probable cost and assessments.

License granted Electric Light Company to erect two stationary steam engines and boiler in station on Cross street under same conditions imposed in former license to Company, for present engines.

IN COMMON COUNCIL.

Petition of Elijah Low Hose Co. to be reimbursed for money expended in the purchase of alarm bell; referred to Committee on Fire Department. Concurred in all other matters.

BASE BALL.

The Bangors Win Again.

Owing to the intensely disagreeable weather there was a small attendance at the game of ball yesterday between the George A. Castor & Co. team of Boston and the Bangors. The visitors made their runs in the first inning through some loose playing on the part of the home team, but could not get a score after that. From that time out the Bangors played a fine game. The battery work of Oxley and Burns was perfect, the former striking out twenty-two men, while the latter did not have an error or a passed ball. Putnam hurt his wrist during the game and the new catcher, Earle, took his place in the field. The visitors did some good fielding, one of the features of their playing being a long running fly catch by Pratt. The score:

BANGORS.

	AB.	R.	BH.	TB.	PO.	A.	E.
Ray, ss	5.	0.	3.	6	1	1	2.
Long, 2b,	4.	1	1	0	1	3	2.
Putnam, cf,	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
Oxley, p.	5

An Ode to a Clam.

BY L. W. LITCHFIELD.

Prithee, listen while I sing,
O thou clam!
Frail, uncanny, helpless thing
That you am.
Several notes my voice yet lacks,
But I've puttied up the cracks,
By the way.
And I sing to thee because—
Though thou canst not give applause—
Thou will stay.

Art thou always sad and cheerless,
Little one,
Hunted down by sportsmen fearless
With a gun?
Is existence sweet or bitter?
Speak and tell me, little critter,
If you can.

Whisper low some tale romantic
Of the far away Atlantic,
Gentle clam.

In some dainty coral cloister
Didst thou grow,
With a succulent young oyster
For a beau?
Did he gently press those wrinkles
Where the brilliant starfish twinkles
'Neath the swell?
Didst thou love but never tell it—
Pluck the rose but never smell it
Ere it fell?

Ah! I see thee striving vainly
For to speak,
And I hear that faint, ungainly
Little squeak.
It is pain that prompts that sighing,
There upon thy stomach lying
In thy shell?
'Twould be painful unto me,
O! thou peanut of the sea,
Just as well.

Were I fair enough to woo thee,
A clam,
I would nestle closer to thee!
Than I am.
But though fate inspired by duty
Gave us different styles of beauty,
Which is sad,
Still thy goodness makes me love thee;
Though I fear I'll feel above thee
Ever thou bad.

Shut within thy chamber limy
In the sea,
Midst environments so slimy
Wouldst thou be?
Nay, I guess thy great ambition,
Thou wouldst fain fulfil thy mission,
And this fitter
Than to perish in the sea,
Thy sarcophagus should be
In a fritter.

Eyes Transplanted.

SUCCESS OF EXPERIMENTS ON RABBITS—POSSIBILITIES FOR THE FUTURE—CAN IT BE DONE WITH HUMAN BEINGS.

(N. Y. Tribune.)

The transplantation of a healthy, vital organ to take the place of one diseased in the human body has been the source of much discussion in the medical profession and given rise to much good-natured ridicule. It has always been looked upon as visionary by practical anatomists, but the experiments which have been and are now being carried on in this city by Dr. Charles H. H. May, of the New York Polyclinic, bring up the question again and demonstrate the feasibility of the idea. The subject under consideration is the eye. Any one dissatisfied with the organ of sight which nature has given him need walk no longer on the barren island of despair. If any one has a blind eye or no eye at all, or feels as if a black eye or a blue one would be more in keeping with his style of beauty, a few hours in the repair shop will set all things straight, and he will come out fitted up to his taste. The small squint eye, which is said to indicate a deceitful heart, can be thrown away, if the possessor so desires, and the empty socket filled, with the large lustrous orb of innocence and truth which physiognomists point to as a sure sign of poetical spasm. Dr. May has proven that the eyes of animals can be exchanged without great difficulty, and believes that the same can be as easily done in the human being, under the proper conditions.

Dr. May began his experiments in transplanting eyes in January last. His attention was called to the subject by the efforts of Drs. Chibret, Tirrier and Rohmer of Paris, and Dr. Bradford, of Boston, who reported in the latter part of 1885, that in five cases attempts were made to transplant the eye of a dog or rabbit into the socket of a human being. Four of these cases were unsuccessful, the dog's eye turning out the worst of all, while the final report in the fifth case has not been made public. These failures were due to lack of experience, and as the field had never been trod before it was only natural to expect that mistakes would be made, and all of the surgeons recommended that before any further attempts were made on a human subject the most favorable conditions and mode of treatment should be definitely established by practical experiments with animals. Rabbits were selected by Dr. May as the animals best suited for the experiments. Twenty-four of them were operated upon and careful and minute records were kept of every change and condition.

The method of operating in each of the cases was the same, with the exception of a few trivial changes. Two rabbits of about equal size were always used, and selections were made at times so that after the operation one of the eyes would be blue and the other black. Ether was always given. The rabbits took to it kindly, and though occasionally it would be necessary to practice artificial respiration and keep up the administration of the ether for three hours, they speedily recovered and there was no evil after effect. After they had become unconscious, the eyelids were distended by a spring speculum. Fixation forceps were used to keep the eye in position, and then the conjunctiva and rectus superior muscles were cut into by a blunt pair of scissors. They were held together with a piece of thread, and the muscle was severed. The smaller recti muscles were also cut with the scissors and located in position by threads. A knotted thread was run through the conjunctiva near the centre to give the relation of the eyeball after removal. The eye being drawn out of the socket as far as possible, the optic nerve was exposed and it was severed with a pair of curved scissors about one-eighth of an inch from its entrance to the brain. This severed all the attachments, and the eye was taken out and wrapped up in cotton saturated with boric acid.

One eye of each rabbit having been enucleated, the work of transplanting was in order. This could not be done until all hemorrhages had been stopped. Then an exceedingly delicate needle, curved at nearly a right angle, was run through the exposed optic nerve of one of the rabbits and a piece of the thread drawn after it. The needle then being attached to the excised nerve of one of the enucleated eyes, the thread was tightened and the points of the nerve were united. A suture was made to hold the nerves in position. The pieces of thread which had been attached to the recti muscles and conjunctiva were then picked up and the conjunctival sac was drawn over the eyeball. Eight stitches of black silk were used to unite the recti muscles and the conjunctiva after the edges had been fitted together, and the strange eye was then an occupant of a strange place. To keep the transplanted eye fixed, two silk sutures were passed through the eyelids, which were gently drawn together. After the eyeball had been washed with an antiseptic solution of bichloride of mercury, a compress of borated cotton was applied to the eye, which was covered with a flannel bandage. Over all was placed a chamois mask adapted to the head. The unoperated eye was not opened. The bandage was left on a week before removal and the parts were unusually free from suppuration.

As a matter of experimentation seven cases out of the twenty were left unbandaged, and sloughing of the cornea quickly followed. In seven other cases the animals, who keep up a constant endeavor to tear off the bandages, succeeded in displacing them, so as to prevent the proper healing of the eyes. In four of the cases the bandages had been applied too tightly and interfered with the motion of the jaw. This set up an inflammation which caused the eyes to slough. In the remaining six cases where the bandages were held in position by the chamois covering the operation was entirely successful, and the transplanted eyes have a perfectly natural appearance. It was considered established that the cornea must be kept from atmospheric contact, as in every case where it was exposed particles of matter floating in the air lodged on the surface of the eye, and as there were no tears or moisture of the lids to get rid of them they set up an irritation and inflammation which resulted in the speedy degeneration of the cornea. The union of the muscles was observed to have taken place as early as the third day after the operation, though usually it took seven. The optic nerve was perfectly united, in every case, and the flow of blood was regularly established in about ten days. After the muscles had joined there was an associated movement of the eyes, and an object moved in front of the unoperated eye was followed by a concerted movement of both of them. There was only one thing lacking: there was no sight in the transplanted eye. The retina in every instance had degenerated, and so, nervous elements passed between the eyeball and the brain. Whether this defect can be overcome is doubtful, but it is among the possibilities of the surgery of the future. With the time come when the blind can be made to see by giving them a new pair of eyes? Every effort is to be made to determine this question.

It is hardly possible that any person will be willing to give up a good eye to be transplanted in the socket of some other fellow who has an unsightly one, and they will have to be taken from animals. A rabbit's eye is much smaller than a human eye and cannot be used for this purpose. Dr. May, however, believes that rabbits' eyes can be increased in size by a system of breeding, and is now trying the experiment in a private laboratory in his house, where all his work has been done. He thinks that they will be large enough to use in the human subject. The optic nerve and muscular attachments are all similar, the color is the same, and the size is the only trouble. When the right sized eye has been obtained the work of experimentation will be transferred to the human being, and there is every promise of success.

Anecdotes of Able Beggars.

In an address at the annual meeting of the New York Charity Organization Society the other night, Howard Crosby said that not long ago a genteel, but seedy looking man called on the Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, saying that he had been sent there by Dr. Crosby. The man wanted a pair of spectacles, saying that if he had them he could go to work. Dr. Parkhurst wanted to know why he had not asked Dr. Crosby for them.

"Well, the fact is," said the beggar, "I have dined with Dr. Crosby every day for two weeks, and I couldn't impose on him any longer."

Dr. Parkhurst wrote to Dr. Crosby about the man, and was told that the story was untrue. A day later Dr. Crosby was surprised by the same beggar. The beggar said:

"I am told you wrote to Dr. Parkhurst that I lied."

"Yes," said Dr. Crosby. "I did."

"Won't you send for the boy?" said the beggar. The boy came. He had given the beggar cold victuals every day for two weeks at the area door.

Dr. Crosby commended the Charity Organization Society for showing the charitable where alms could be given to those who were worthy, and for seeing that frauds were promptly found out at least exposed.

Chauncey M. Depew said that he had had some experience with beggars. A lawyer whom he had known as a reputable man, and of whose downfall he had not heard, came one day and with tears asked for money to bury his dead wife. The story affected Mr. Depew, and the man got a very liberal sum. Six months later he came back, took out the same handkerchief he had used before, went the same sort of tears, and told the same story of a dead wife. Mr. Depew said, drily:

"I helped to bury her six months ago."

The man dried his tears, and said reproachfully:

"After the years I have known you I wouldn't have expected this of you."

Dates of Public Exhibitions.

New Eng and and Eastern Maine Fair, at Bangor, August 31, and September 1-3.

Maine State Agricultural, State Pomological, and Androscoggin County Agricultural Societies, at Lewiston, September 14-17.

Kennebec County, at Readfield, September 28-30.

Kennebec and Somerset Union, at Farmington, September 28-30.

Waldo County, at Belfast, September 22-24.

West Franklin, at Phillips, October 5-7.

Cumberland County, at Portland, September 27-30.

Ossipee Valley Society, at Cornish, September 14-17.

West Penobscot, at Exeter, September 28-30.

North Penobscot, at Lee, September 30, October 1.

North Aroostook, Presque Isle, September 17-19.

West Washington, at Jonesboro, September 24-30.

Penobscot County, at East Eddington, September 29-30.

Cumberland Farmers' Club, at West Cumberland, October 4.

Lincoln County, at Damariscotta Driving Park, September 28-30.

North Kennebec, at Waterville, September 21-22.

Waldo and Penobscot Agricultural Society, at Monroe, September 20th and 21st.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Supreme Judicial Court in vacation.

In the matter of the petition of the Trustees of the Orono Savings Bank and the Bank Examiner for a reduction of the deposit account, in equity.

Your petitioners, the trustees of the Orono Savings Bank, a corporation established by law and having its place of business in Orono, Penobscot County and State of Maine, respectfully represent: That on the ninth day of October, A. D., 1877 on petition, notice and hearing, this Supreme Court in the Honorable Court received the deposit accounts of each depositor in said Bank to the sum of seventy five per centum of its then present value; and all Trustees (either represented or not) of the said Bank have kept true and accurate accounts of all sums received for the same and of said corporation held by it at the time of filing the aforesaid original petition and that a larger sum has been realized from said assets than the value estimated by the Court, and, that on the twenty-sixth day of January, A. D. 1882, on petition, notice and hearing, by its proper decree this Honorable Court ordered a percentum dividend of such excess, to depositors in said Bank at the time of the filing of aforesaid original petition, and the full amount of such excess having been divided in accordance with the said decree.

Wherefore your petitioners pray that this Honorable Court will prescribe a time at which said Treasurer shall render to the Court a final account and will farther order due notice thereof to all persons interested and make such further order concerning the closing of said accounts as is provided by law.

Dated at Orono, this 7th day of June, A. D. 1886.

(Signed.) SAMUEL LIBBEY, RICHARD LORD, GEO. W. LUNT, HENRY C. FOWLER, ALBERT WHITE, } Trustees.

BANGOR, June 18th, 1886.

Ordered, That a notice of the pendency of the foregoing petition be given to all persons interested, by publishing an attested copy thereof in the daily newspaper printed in Bangor in the County of Penobscot, at least ten times before the first Tuesday of October, A. D. 1886, that they may then appear before the Supreme Judicial Court to be held at Bangor within and for the County of Penobscot, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer thereof should not be granted; the last publication to be at least seven days before said term of Court.

(Signed) JOHN A. PETERS, Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court.

A true copy of petition and order thereon.

Attest: CHARLES F. SWEET, Clerk.

jy7 dWlOw

PATENTS.

R. H. EDDY,

NO. 76 STATE ST., OPPOSITE KILBY, BOSTON

Secures Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington. *No agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.*

R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS:

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse. CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"Inventors cannot employ a person more trustworthy or more capable of securing for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office. EDMUND BURKE, late Commissioner of Patents."

BOSTON, October 19, 1870.

R. H. EDDY, Esq.—Dear Sir: you procured for me, in 1869, my first patent. Since then you have acted for me and advised me in hundreds of cases, and procured many patents, reissues and extensions. I have occasionally employed the best agencies in New York, Philadelphia and Washington, but I still give you almost the whole of my business as to your time, and advise others to employ you.

Yours truly, GEORGE DRAPER.

Boston, January 1, 1886. 1MWF-y

Your Children

Are constantly exposed to danger from Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, and diseases peculiar to the throat and lungs. For such ailments, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, promptly administered, affords speedy relief and cure.

As a remedy for Whooping Cough, with which many of our children were afflicted, we used, during the past winter, with much satisfaction, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For this affection, we consider this preparation the most efficacious of all the medicines which have come to our knowledge.—Mary Parkhurst, Preceptress, Home for Little Wanderers, Doncaster, Mass.

My children have been peculiarly subject to attacks of Croup, and I failed to find any effective remedy until I commenced administering Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This preparation relieves the difficulty of breathing and invariably cures the complaint.—David G. Starks, Chatham, Columbia Co., N. Y.

I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for many years, and have found it especially valuable in Whooping Cough. This medicine allays all irritation, prevents inflammation from extending to the lungs, and quickly subdues any tendency to Lung Complaints.—J. B. Wellington, Plainville, Mich.

I find no medicine so effective, for Croup and Whooping Cough, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It saved the life of my little boy, only six months old, carrying him safely through the worst case of Whooping Cough I ever saw.—Jane Malone, Piney Flats, Tenn.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

The Most Successful PREPARED FOOD FOR NEW-BORN INFANTS.

It may be used with confidence, when the mother is unable to nurse the child, as a safe and natural substitute for mother's milk.

THE BEST FOOD to be used in connection with Partial Nursing.

No other food answers so perfectly in such cases. It causes no disturbance of digestion and will be relished by the child.

A Sure Preventive and Cure for CHOLERA INFANTUM.

By the use of this *prestigious* and easily assimilated food, fatal results in this dreaded disease can be surely prevented.

A Perfect Nutrient for Invalids in either Chronic or Acute Cases.

If in the judgment of physicians nearly to its great value it will be retained when even lime water and milk is rejected by the stomach. In *dyspepsia*, and in all wasting diseases it has proved the most valuable and palatable food, at the same time the most economical of Foods. For an infant may be made a

150 MEALS for $1.00.

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☞ A valuable pamphlet entitled "Medical Opinions on the Nutrition of Infants and Invalids" sent free on application to

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

d&w3m

LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.

MY DAUGHTER WAS VERY BADLY OFF ON ACCOUNT OF A COLD AND PAIN ON HER LUNGS. DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL CURED HER IN 24 HOURS. ONE OF THE BOYS WAS CURED OF A SORE THROAT. THE MEDICINE HAS WORKED WONDERS IN OUR FAMILY.

ALVAH PINCKNEY.

"ITS SPECIALTIES."

DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL FOR COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA, SORE THROAT, CATARRH, AND BRONCHIAL TROUBLES GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

THE MOST VIOLENT ATTACK OF NEURALGIA WILL RECEIVE IMMEDIATE AND PERMANENT RELIEF; IN FACT, AS A CURE FOR NEURALGIA IT HAS NEVER FAILED.

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"CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH."

The Original and Only Genuine.

Safe and always reliable. Buyers of worthless imitations are liable to disappointment. Ask your Druggist for "Chichester's English," and take no other, or inclose $1 in letter for particulars in letter by return mail. Chichester Chemical Co., 1127 Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

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ABBOTT FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

LITTLE BLUE, Farmington, Maine.

Address A. H. ABBOTT, Principal.

July 26eodsw

CARPET BEATERS

Custard Powder

AND

BLACK LACE POWDER

IN ALL FLAVORS.

One Trial is all that is Asked.

THOMPSON & KELLOGG,

Agents.

july27

SOMETHING NEW.

CIGARS PACKED IN AIR TIGHT GLASS JARS.

THE BOSTON GLOBE is the best 5 cent C for a quarter Cigars in the market. Try them and satisfy yourselves that this is a fact.

FRED T. HALL & CO.'S,

No. 1 Kenduskeag Bridge.

July26

Lace Sacques,

FOR LADIES.

ALSO

LINEN SACQUES,

FOR

CHILDREN,

AT

G. W. STEVENS',

MAIN ST.

PORTRAIT ARTISTS.

If you have Pictures you wish copied call or write to

J. P. GERRITY & CO.

THE PORTRAIT ARTISTS.

They have some of the best artists in New England and guarantee all their work. Studio Rooms 11 and 13 Kenduskeag Block. July30

MARRIAGE, Visiting and Business Cards printed in latest styles of type, at Whig & Courier Job Office. B. A. BURR

Wanted, Lost, Found, etc.

WANTED. Two good Salesmen on the road in four good Canvassers in the city to sell my specialties. J. T. STAPIN, No. 79 Harlow Street.

au23 3t*

WANTED.—A girl to cook and do housework for a family of four. Apply at 72 Essex Street.

july23

LOST.—Penobscot Savings Bank Book, No 4,216. Any person finding the same will please leave it with EDWIN CLARK, Treasurer. 3w july17

NICE LODGING ROOMS—To let by the day or week, at No. 2 Pickering Square. 2m* june11

PUBLIC CARRIAGE.—My order book can be found at W. O. Colony's store. Carriages may be ordered by telephoning T. White's store. G. W. EARTHORN. July 24—2w*

WANTED. Domestic girls. Room 4 Kenduskeag Block. S. R. PITFIELD.

june14 eod tf

300 Butter Tubs.

Best quality, all sizes, at

70 PICKERING SQUARE.

june5 eod tf

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY.

The American Express Company, commencing the 28th inst., will run regular Messengers over the Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad by the 7.30 A. M., and 1.45 P. M. trains. Also by Maine Central to Bucksport and Bar Harbor by the 5.50 A. M. and 4.35 P. M. trains.

June29

Notice.

To Joseph C. Wilson, a Justice of the Peace in and for the County of Penobscot and State of Maine.

The application of J. Fred Webster, Adm'r, A. T. Butler, Adm'x, Ann E. White, and William H. White, members of "The Stillwater Bridge Corporation," a corporation duly established by law, represents that there is no person duly authorized to call or preside at a legal meeting thereof by reason of the death of the President, Clerk, Treasurer, and two of the three Directors, and praying that a warrant may be issued to said J. Fred Webster, directing him to call a meeting of said corporation, to be held at the Orono National Bank, in Orono, on the 4th day of August, A. D., 1886, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of choosing such officers as are necessary to take such action as may seem to the stockholders advisable in relation to the sale of the bridge and property of the company to the town of Orono, and to transact any other business that may be before said meeting, by giving such notice as is required by law, and also directing him to preside at said meeting until a Clerk shall be duly chosen and qualified.

You are hereby commanded to call a meeting of said corporation, to be holden at the Orono National Bank, in Orono on the 4th day of Aug. st, A. D., 1886, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of choosing such officers as are necessary, to take such action as may seem to the stockholders advisable in relation to the sale of the bridge and property of the Company to the town of Orono, and to transact any other business that may be before said meeting, by giving such notice as is required by law, and also directing him to preside at said meeting until a Clerk shall be duly chosen and qualified.

Given under my hand and seal this 4th day of July, A. D., 1886.

JOSEPH C. WILSON, Justice of the Peace.

July23

THE SOURCE OF HEALTH.

Make the blood pure and you drive sickness away. Neglect to do so and you must suffer with disease. In the Summer heat, when your physical powers are exhausted and your mental faculties incapable of effort, Vegetine will give new life to the bloodless invalid and impart vigor and strength to the worn out, weary mind. Take it with you on your vacation and thus secure health and pleasure. But if you are unable to get a respite from labor, by all means use Vegetine, and you will greatly lessen the danger from Epidemics and Fevers. Vegetine possesses just the combination of tonic, blood and nerve the very elements in which the diseased blood is deficient. It removes the cause of and thus cures Blood, Humors and Skin Diseases, and as a tonic in Nervous Debility it has no equal.

DR. SOULE'S PILLS The Best Liver Pills.

Cure Sick Headache, Constipation and Piles. Are Purely Vegetable. Gentle yet thorough in operation. 25 cents; 5 boxes, $1.00. By Druggists and by Mail.

Geo. Pierce & Co., 20 Hanover St., Boston.

junl1 TTSSw2m

Waverly House,

NORTHPORT, ME.

This favorite house

WILL BE OPEN TO THE PUBLIC JULY 1st.

And the proprietor hopes to receive a liberal patronage

G. F. DANFORTH.

June29 10w MW&F

DR. J. H. PRILAY,

HOMŒOPATHIST.

Has removed his office and residence, to

24 Centre St., Corner of Prospect.

Office hours until 9 A. M., 1 to 3 and 6.30 to 7.30 P. M.

may20 tf

THE HEYWOOD BABY CARRIAGES.

Large assortment of these very fine Carriages just received.

Strong and Durable! Very Stylish in Appearance! Easy Running!

will be sold

At Extremely Low Prices!

Please Call and See Them!

C. C. PRESCOTT,

12 Central Street.

apr6

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84 Hawley St., Boston, Mass.

WINDOW SHADES,

Tarconian and Silk Curtains,

Window Shades, Curtain Fixtures,

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UPHOLSTERY HARDWARE.

WE MAKE THE ONLY

GENUINE KNAPP ROLLER,

and our Stop Roller is Standard.

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WHOLESALE.

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CREAM BALM

Gives Relief at once and Cures

COLD IN HEAD, CATARRH, HAY FEVER.

Not a Liquid, Snuff or Powder. Free from Injurious Drugs and Offensive Odors.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. Circulars free. ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

eod&wly

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Loans and Mortgages Negotiated.

Prompt made for Life, Fire and Accident Insurance policies.

july22 1yr

Real Estate.

For Sale or Rent.

My Summer Cottage at Northport, Me. Well furnished. For information please address me at ORONO.

JAMES WEBSTER.

July 26—1w

For Sale.

A large two story house, head of Center street, Brewer, in thorough repair inside, perfect cellar, with 2 wells. Enquire on the premises or at No. 20 Hammond street.

July 24—tf

Tenement for Rent.

Inquire at No. 5 State street. July 26

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The homestead of the late D. P. Wingate, No. 144 State Street. Fine locality. New, thoroughly built house, with all modern improvements. Large corner lot.

For further particulars inquire on the premises.

june15 tf

For Sale.

A very desirable house, pleasantly located, ten minutes walk from the Post Office. It has a stable connected and a good large lot. For particulars apply at Pearl's Real Estate Agency, No. 8, Kenduskeag Block.

apr20

FOR SALE.

Valuable Real Estate.

The property consists of the very desirable residence, well known as the homestead of the late Hon. T. N. Egery, situated on Broadway. The House in its arrangements is a pattern of convenience, being furnished with all modern appliances, and is in excellent condition. Its construction is thorough in every particular and the location all that could be desired. The stable adjacent is large and very conveniently arranged. The premises may be examined and particulars ascertained, by applying to

CHAS. S. PEARL,

Real Estate Broker, No. 6 Kenduskeag Block.

Terms easy.

may6

$1500. For Sale. $1500.

A dwelling house conveniently arranged, thus stone cellar, stable connected; situated in an excellent neighborhood. A great bargain. For particulars apply to

CHAS. S. PEARL, Real Estate Broker, No. 6 Kenduskeag Block.

may12

FOR SALE.

The very desirable house and lot No. 71 Third Street. House two stories; has furnace, gas Holly water and bath room. Good stable connected, all in excellent repair. Lot 125 feet on the street, by about 160 feet in depth. Terms easy. For particulars apply to C. S. PEARL, Real Estate Broker, No. 6 Kenduskeag Block.

may25

Horses for Rent.

The new house, corner of Park and Penobscot streets, which can be rented with stable attached, will be completed and for rent within ten days. Enquire of

GEO. W. LADD,

74 Exchange Street.

June19

Summer Cottage for Rent.

At Hancock Point. Apply to

J. A. BOARDMAN.

july5

FOR SALE.

The house and lot owned by Dr. L. L. Page, situated on the Bangor Road, 12 miles from the beautiful village of Northport, commanding a fine view of five miles of the Penobscot River. The house contains eight rooms, nicely finished, papered and frescoed, has open fire places and Kohler furnace; double thick windows with inside panel roller shutter blinds. A never failing well of excellent soft water in stone cellar; large stable and poultry house. Lot contains about three acres. Fruit trees in bearing and a variety of shade trees. Built five years ago. Will sell cheap, together with entire household furniture, including carpets, chamber, dining room and kitchen furniture. This is a delightful home and can be bought at a great bargain. For further particulars and for a view of the house, call upon

C. S. PEARL, Real Estate Broker,

No. 6 Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor.

may25 W&S4t

FARM FOR SALE,

AT A GREAT BARGAIN!

The farm is located six miles from Bangor, contains 100 acres, 50 acres tillage and pasture, balance woodland; under good cultivation. Can about 40 tons of hay. Good crops. Good buildings; plenty of water. Must be sold at once. For particulars apply at

PEARL'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY,

No. 6 Kenduskeag Block.

June30 Com copy d&wtf

FOR SALE.

At one-third less than cost, a new set of building's new business part of Hayes' Block, and other convenience. Terms liberal. Enquire at J. L. HODSON'S OFFICE.

may27 d&w tf

REX OF BROADMOOR.

A. J. C. C. No. 7921, and M. S. Herd Book No. 351. The above Jersey Bull will be kept at the Bruce Farm after this date. Terms, $1.00 in advance.

March 26, 1886. eod mar24

PILES. Instant relief. Final cure in 10 days, and never return. No purge, no salve, no suppository. Sufferers will learn of a simple remedy free, by addressing C. J. MASON, 78 Nassau Street, N. Y.

eod&w1y

Jersey Bull Hero

will stand for the season at my farm on Essex Street.

BYRON ROBERTS

may21 eod3m

MELLIN'S FOOD

FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS

TRADE MARK.

The only perfect substitute for Mother's Milk. Invaluable in Cholera Infantum and Teething. A predigested food for Dyspeptics, Consumptives, Convalescents. Perfect nutrition in all Wasting Diseases. Requires no cooking. Our Book, "The Care and Feeding of Infants," mailed free.

DOLIBER, GOODALE & CO., Boston, Mass.

ly8 TuThS&w 6m28

DR. E. C. BUKER,

ST. ALBANS, ME.

GREAT SCOTCH REMEDY.

Guaranteed to cure any person suffering from any urinary troubles, stoppage of water, Gravel, or any Kidney difficulties. For sale by Tibbetts & Jordan, City Drug Store, and by A. M. Robinson, Jr. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of $1.00 Money refunded whenever it fails.

junel9 tf

WEIGHT'S PILLS

INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

CURE

Bilious Complaints.

They are perfectly safe to take, being purely vegetable and prepared with the greatest care from the best drugs. They relieve the suffering at once by carrying off all impurities through the bowels. All druggists, 25c. a box.

eod& octl1yr

HEW JOHNS' ASBESTOS LIQUID PAINTS

FOR SALE BY—

HENRY McLAUGHLIN,

FRONT ST. - - BANGOR.

march27

Bangor Post Office.

OFFICERS

A. B. FARNHAM.....Postmaster
E. A. CUMMINGS.....Asst Postmaster
W. H. S. LAWRENCE.....Money Order Clerk

OFFICE HOURS.

LOCAL TIME.

From 7½ A. M. to 6 P. M.; and from 8 to 8½ daily—Sundays excepted.

On Sundays, from 9½ to 9½ A. M.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Western	6.45	1 20	7 25
European Railway	5 30		7 15
Piscataquis R. R.	6 00		
Ellsworth and Bar Harbor	5 30		4 45
Belfast	6 30		
Bucksport	6 30		6 50
Dixmont	6 30		
East Corinth and Charleston		1 30	
Levant and Exeter		1 30	
Bradford		1 30	
Monson		12 00M.	
Amherst and Aurora		1 30	

Night mails are closed on every night.

Mail closes Sundays at 6.15 P. M. Collections from street boxes same as on week days.

MAILS ARRIVE.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Western	6 00	5 15	6 30
European Railway	7 15		7 30
Piscataquis Railroad			7 30
Ellsworth and Bar Harbor	8 30		8 00
Belfast			5 30
Bucksport	7 00		6 30
Dixmont			5 30
East Corinth and Charleston	11 00		
Levant and Exeter	11 00		
Bradford	10 30		
Monson	10 00		
Amherst and Aurora	11 30		

LETTER CARRIERS.

All letters are delivered free by carriers when addressed to street and number. People should inform their correspondents of above and have their letters addressed accordingly.

Persons leaving their address at the General Delivery can also have their letters sent, but it is much more convenient to have the street and number on, and they will be delivered earlier than if the same is put on at the office. Carriers make two deliveries daily, the first trip supplying the extremes of their routes.

Collections are made morning, noon and evening in season for important mails.

Holidays the Carrier's Delivery will be open for the delivery of letters from 8½ to 9½ A. M., and from 5 to 6 P. M. Sundays from 8½ to 9½ A. M.

Any irregularities in the Carrier's department should be reported to the office.

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

Messenger boys are constantly in attendance to deliver letters with immediate delivery stamps, on arrival of all mails, and for local letters from 8 A. M. to 8.30 P. M., at which hour the office is closed. Persons depositing city letters will please pass them into the general delivery.

Letters arriving from West Sunday morning are delivered on arrival.

ENVELOPES.

No additional charge will be made for printing the name and residence to return, across the left hand upper corner of the envelopes furnished by the Post Office Department, (samples of which may be seen at the Cashier's window) when ordered in lots of not less than 500.

A request for the return of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within thirty days or less, written or printed, with the writers name, post office and State placed on the left end of the envelope, on the envelope, will be complied with.

☞ The public are earnestly recommended to prepare Stamped envelopes with printed matter instead of using the expensive is less, and letters thus enclosed, if not delivered to the person addressed, are returned to the writer free of charge.

Flight sizes envelopes of above furnished at $22.20 per thousand.

Stamps on Plain Stamped Envelopes

cannot be used to prepay postage. The use of such stamps is punishable by a fine of fifty dollars.

Stamped Envelopes, spoiled in direct ng, are recdeemed at this office.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

FIRST CLASS.

All Letters must be Prepaid—Letters for the Mails in the United States, two cents an ounce or single rate. All matter in writing, whole or in part, will be rated at these rates. City letters, two cents an ounce or single rate.

SECOND CLASS.

Newspapers.

All regular newspapers must be prepaid at the office of publication, at the rate of one cent per pound for each issue. The same law applies to sample copies.

County papers, one copy to a subscriber, free, except to letter carrier offices, i. e. papers coming to this office, if published in County, are subject to postage. Daily papers published in County, if delivered by carrier, one cent each, to be prepaid by stamps.

Postage to Canada.—Same as in the States on letters and papers, pre-payment compulsory; merchandise limited to 8 oz., postage 10 cents

THIRD CLASS.

Postage One Cent for Four Ounces.

News papers and Periodicals, which include everything of Second Class, when sent as transient matter.

Postage One Cent for Two Ounces.

Books (printed); circulars, photographs and other matter wholly in print, proof sheets and corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same.

FOURTH CLASS.

Postage One Cent for each Ounce.

Blank cards, card board and other flexible material, flexible patterns, letter envelopes and letter paper, merchandise, models, ornamented paper, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, minerals, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions, original paintings in oil or water colors, hair, patterns, playing cards, visiting cards, address tags, paper mucilage, wrapping paper with printed advertisements thereon, bill heads, letter heads, envelopes, and other matter of the same general character, the printing upon which is not designed to instruct, amuse, cultivate the mind or taste, or impart general information, and any other matter not included in first, second or third classes, and which is not in its form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag or harm the person of any one employed in the postal service.

Upon matter of thirdior fourth class the sender may write his own name or address with the word "Card" without extra charge for postage.

Third and fourth class matter may be registered same as first class, on payment of the register fee of 10 cents.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

All letters remaining in the office are advertised on Monday of each week. If not claimed in ONE MONTH thereafter, they are then forwarded to the Dead Letter office.

MONEY ORDERS.

Especial attention is called to the Money Order system as a safe and cheap method of transmitting small sums through the mails. Orders are issued on sums of not more than one hundred dollars. Larger amounts can be transmitted to the same person, at the same time, by additional orders.

RATES

On orders not exceeding $10	8 cents
Over $10 and not exceeding $15	10 cents
Over $15 and not exceeding $20	15 cents
Over $20 and not exceeding $30	20 cents
Over $30 and not exceeding $40	25 cents
Over $40 and not exceeding $50	30 cents
Over $50 and not exceeding $60	35 cents
Over $60 and not exceeding $70	40 cents
Over $70 and not exceeding $80	45 cents
Over $80 and not exceeding $100	50 cents

Postal notes can also be obtained payable at any money order office for any sum less than $5.00 for a single Money Order may, include any amount from one cent to one hundred dollars inclusive, but must contain a fractional part of a cent.

Money Orders can also be obtained on England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Switzerland, German States, and many all present countries.

Never put Money in a Letter—Always Procure a Money Order.

If money is to be remitted, a Postal Money Order should be obtained. If upon points where there is no Money Order Office, then the letter should be Registered. Money should never be enclosed in an ordinary letter.

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

REGISTRY DEPARTMENT.

All valuable letters should be Registered, unless a Money Order is obtained. Under the present system of Registration, letters are transmitted with perfect safety.

Letters may be Registered by paying postage in full and a Registration fee in stamps, for—

United States, 10 cents

Great Britain and Ireland, and all Countries having a postal treaty with the United States, 10 cents

Office Hours—From 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

FOREIGN POSTAGE. ½oz.

†Africa, west coast, Br. Possessions	10c.
Argentine Republic, British Mail	5
Australia	5
Australia, British mail	15
Australia, via San Francisco	5
Bahamas	5
Belgium	5
Bermuda	5
Brazil	5
Canada	2
Ceylon	5
Chili	5
China, British mail	18
Cuba	5
Denmark	5
France	5
Germany	5
Gibraltar	5
Great Britain and Ireland	5
Guadaloupe	5
Hawaiian Kingdom, direct mail	5
Ital